

IMPORTANT DECISION RENDERED

Vast Amount of Submerged Land in Lake County is Affected

FORMER DECISION REVERSED

Test Case for Trespass Ends in Victory for the Plaintiffs who are Highly Elated Over the Outcome

A victory for the owners of property abutting on the 50 small lakes in Lake county who have been contending for title to the submerged lands within their property lines was reported when the Supreme Court Saturday.

The state tribunal reversed a decision of the circuit court which sustained a demurrer to the action intended to prove title, but telegraphic dispatches did not state whether in remanding the case to Lake county it indicated its position on the issue raised.

The case was that of William Wilton vs. Rudolph Van Hassen and was made a test case by Wilton, Frank T. Fowler and other owners of property on Fourth Lake. A charge of trespass was brought against Van Hassen because he rowed a boat over the submerged lands claimed by Wilton. In a justice court the defendant won and Wilton took the case to the circuit court.

In circuit court Wilton lost and he then re-started the case. In the circuit court, lost again and then appealed to the supreme court.

According to land owners about the lakes of the county, it is the most important decision affecting Lake county rendered in a long time. One man says it will affect a million dollars' worth of property in Lake county alone.

It is said that all lakes but two, Fox and Grass, in Lake county, will be affected by the decision. In other words, all lands about all lakes but these two, was sold under the Riparian rights act and the decision of the high court means that the court holds that owners of such submerged land have absolute ownership to the water over the submerged lands which their titles show they own.

For example, it is said that, by the decision, Frank T. Fowler, who owns 700 acres of land on Fourth Lake, will have absolute ownership of some 80 acres of water on one side of the lake abutting his farm. He and others, will be able to say who can row on that water, who can fish there, who can bathe, etc.

In view of the many hotels built on the various lakes of the county, it is important to speculate as to what the effect will be.

In looking at the matter from a close standpoint, it is seen that it is possible for patrons of many hotels to be arrested for trespassing on other person's property in case they happen to row onto water which covers submerged land owned by somebody other than the hotel man they are paying board to. A hotel man may own an acre into the lake but the fellow next door has absolute ownership and control of the water on his (the neighbor's) water land.

It is said that the Knickerbocker Ice Co., which owns many ice houses on the various lakes of the county, anticipating the decision of the high court, took many options on land surrounding the lakes near their property in order to get ownership if necessary to the water from which they will have to cut ice. They did this in order to forestall any possible step to prevent them cutting ice from a stretch of water which some other person may own and thus face a charge of trespass similar to that in which Van Hassen was found guilty.

Mr. Fowler was much elated when he heard of the decision. He stated that the price of his big farm at Fourth Lake had risen \$25,000 since he heard the decision. He said the decision was one of the important that could be given in the matter of title to Lake county property near the lakes and he felt people generally would not grasp the real importance of the ruling.

Cooks, Pope & Pope were the attorneys in the case but it is said Mr. Fowler was the man who insisted on carrying the case up for a decision and that he furnished most of the money necessary for obtaining this ruling.

CONTRACTS ARE LET

For the New Condensory to be Built at Grayslake—Will Cost About \$40,000

Bids for furnishing the material and part of the labor for the new condensory the Wisconsin Condensed Milk Co. will build at Grayslake, Ill., were opened at the company's office in Burlington, Monday and the various contracts let. Messrs. Guilbert and Funsten, the Racine architects who drew up the plans, were present and the numerous details were arranged for.

Albert Ebert, of East Troy, who do mason work, his bid of \$2,700 for the necessary labor, being the lowest. The Modern Steel Construction Co., of Waukegan, will furnish the necessary steel and iron work; Roberts & Co., of Racine, the Bedford stone sills; Wilbur Lumber Co., Grayslake, part of the necessary lumber. The largest contracts were let to the Illinois Brick Co., of Chicago, for 500,000 brick and the Chicago Cement Co., of Chicago, for 2,200 barrels of A. A. cement. The cement work and carpentry will be done by the company's force of carpenters and masons.

The main factory building will be 214 feet long and 88 feet wide. It will be built mainly of concrete, and as this is to be done by the milk company's masons, no bid was received but estimates place it in the neighborhood of \$15,000. The factory when completed, without any of the necessary machinery, will cost close to \$40,000.

The Soo line has built its sidetrack to the land the company owns at Grayslake and building operations will be started at once.

VILLAGE ELECTION HELD UNDER PRIMARY LAW

The old time caucus is now a thing of the past and the coming village election to be held this spring will be governed by the direct primary election law. And in accordance with this law Village Clerk, Hughes on Monday posted notices of the first village primary under the new law which will be held on Tuesday March 14.

Monday was the last day for the filing of the nomination papers and as the matter of voting for the village officers under the primary law had been somewhat overlooked and no move had been made toward putting up a ticket until Monday morning there was considerable hustling among the various candidates.

Only one ticket was filed and it was as follows: For President—Chase Webb; For Trustees, full term—N. S. Pullen, George Brown and W. H. Osmond, to fill vacancy, L. H. Felter; For Treasurer—W. F. Ziegler; For Police Magistrate, B. H. Overton.

Although this was the only ticket filed it is not probable that it will be without opposition and one or more are expected to enter the field by petition.

People's Town Caucus

A caucus of the legal voters of the town of Antioch will be held on Saturday, March 18, A. D. 1911, at the village hall in the village of Antioch between the hours of 1 p. m. and 5 p. m. for the purpose of nominating one candidate for each of the following offices: one Supervisor, one Commissioner of Highways, two Constables and three Committeemen, who shall constitute the Town Committee for the ensuing year.

All voting in said Caucus, shall go by ballot containing the names of all candidates and the manner of conducting the Caucus and all voting therein, shall be as near as may be in accordance with the Australian system of voting. The undersigned chairman and Secretary shall act as Chairman and Secretary of said Caucus, and shall certify the names of the successful candidates as required by law. No ballot shall be counted unless it shall be endorsed thereon, the initials of one of the judges hereinafter named. Each person desiring to become a candidate in said Caucus shall give his name to one of the undersigned Town Committee on or before Thursday, March 16, 1911, and then pay his share of the expense of said Caucus.

Town Committee,
W. H. Tiffany, Chairman,
Henry Grimm, Secretary,
John A. Thain.

Dated, Antioch, March 1, 1911.

Take a Firm Stand in What is Right.

Let a man take a firm stand when he knows that he is right, and stay with it—through thick and thin, and the world must come around to his way of thinking, as it had to in the case of Christopher Columbus, Gaillet, and a million and one other. And the only reason the world will not come round to his way of thinking is because he is always making concessions and shifting as though he had taken his stand on quicksand.

WARRENTON GIRL IS VICTIM OF BASE DECEIVER

Wood and Won Only Few Months Since is Now Deserted by Handsome Lover

GIRL SUPPOSING HIM FREE ELOPES IN THE NIGHT

Tragic Story of Love of Prominent Girl and Operator Discovered to Have Wife Up in Wisconsin Revealed With Operator's Arrest

Monday afternoon, on a charge of abduction, Ray Kranz, who is said to have abducted Miss Amy Flood of Warrenton, was before Justice James G. Welch of Waukegan and bound over to the grand jury in the sum of \$500. He waived examination and asked the court to appoint an attorney for him which cannot be done until he faces trial in the circuit court. He pleaded that he was without funds.

Ray Kranz, two years ago a telegraph operator on the railroad at Warrenton, is a prisoner in the Lake county jail, and back of his troubles is the story of a romantic love making, an elopement with an innocent and deceived girl, and the final denouncement when Kranz was discovered to have a wife up in Milwaukee.

The girl in the case is Amy Flood, the pretty daughter of Harry Flood, a well to do and prominent farmer and dairyman of Warrenton, who enjoys the respect of the entire county.

"I love her."

This is Kranz's sole excuse. Details of the affair read like a story book, with their flashes of romance, disappointment, passion and pain, and then the final dramatic awakening and the arrest of Kranz.

Two years ago, while a railroad operator at Warrenton, where the Floods reside, Kranz met pretty Amy Flood. It seems to have been a case of love at first sight.

Kranz is a handsome chap, well set up, a ready talker and an impassioned pleader. He threw the natural fervor of his impassioned Kentucky blood into his wooing of the Lake county girl and completely won her confidence.

Finally, telling the girl that he had been married, but had secured a divorce he pleaded with her to elope with him and become his wife.

She could not bring herself to do this, and just at this time Kranz was transferred to another operator's post and had to leave.

One time he sent money in a letter to the girl, pleading that she come to him alone, when he would marry her, it is said.

This was the time that he was stationed in Texas as a telegraph operator. The climax came Christmas eve last. Kranz wrote a note to the girl, sending it through a chum of hers, asking that Miss Flood meet him but once again, that he might say farewell to her and pass out of her life forever.

The girl threw her lace fascinator over her head and went to Warrenton station.

There, in the dusk, it is claimed, she found Kranz waiting for her with a horse and buggy. She got into the buggy and Kranz began to plead with her to become his wife, to run away with him.

He seems to have mastered the girl's scruples.

She did not even return for her clothes, but instead drove with Kranz to Waukegan.

The two then took a train for Kenosha, then back to Chicago, and then to St. Paul, Kranz apparently getting transportation through his position on the road.

From St. Paul Kranz and the girl appear to have sent a telegram to Mr. and Mrs. Harry Flood at Warrenton telling the anxious parents, who did not know what to do following the sudden disappearance of their daughter, that the clothes and trunk of the girl be sent to them at a Texas point.

Remaining in St. Paul for two days, the couple left for Texas, and until recently, it is said, have been living together in some Texas city as man and wife.

As nearly as can be learned Kranz kept the girl under his influence first by telling her that he actually had a divorce and then, when it was too late, admitting that he did not have one but was merely trying to get one. He actually tried to get one, it is said, while the couple were in Texas, his conscience, it is said, being smitten in the consciousness of what wrong he had done the innocent Lake county girl.

Meantime the suspicions of the parents of the girl had been aroused.

In the first place, they had never seen Kranz in all his long courtship of their daughter. He never called at the Flood residence and neither the girl's mother nor her father had ever met or known him.

In the second place, the father stumbled upon letters of Kranz to the girl in which he seems to have admitted that he had a wife living and that he was at that time merely trying to get a divorce from her.

Driving to Waukegan Mr. Flood placed the matter in the hands of Constable Clarence Hicks, as able an officer as ever wore shoe leather, former assistant chief of police of Waukegan, and a splendid type of officer in every respect.

The constable at once took the trail and it is due to his efforts that Kranz is seemingly at this time brought to justice for his alleged misdeeds.

The first thing for the Waukegan officer to do was to find Kranz's former wife.

A tip came from some source, probably from one of the girl's letters in which she wrote continually from the Texas point, it is said, that the woman lived in Milwaukee.

Thither the officer proceeded. The woman's maiden name was given as Marquette. He looked up every Marquette in the Milwaukee directory and finally ran across a brother to the woman, a railroad man, the last one by the name he interviewed. Through him Hicks ascertained that Kranz's asserted wife was located in Mukwanago, Wis.

Proceeding to this city Constable Hicks interviewed the wife. She produced her marriage papers and asserted that she had never been divorced from Kranz, although she said he had tried to get a divorce in Texas.

She straightened up fiercely when Constable Hicks told her that her husband had apparently been living with another woman as his wife and asserted strongly that she would aid in prosecuting him to the limit. She is relied upon as a valuable witness.

The first Mrs. Kranz is described as a strikingly handsome little woman of very attractive personality.

The constable then took the trail after Kranz.

First he found that the operator had lost his job in Texas and was in Chicago with his supposed bride.

Going to the Chicago address he found that he was too late and that Kranz had left the city, leaving his supposed wife there.

From the Chicago & Northwestern's dispatcher's office, Kranz was trailed to Antigo, Wis., whither Constable Hicks departed some time Saturday.

At the dispatcher's office at Antigo Constable Hicks learned that Kranz had been transferred to Summit Lake, and hopping a train at that point, far up in Wisconsin, he found his man. He was night operator there.

Kranz did not put up a fight at the time, even though the two had a three hour wait, but later on the train he declared that if he had it all to do over

(CONTINUED ON FOURTH PAGE)

FEB. WEATHER REPORT

Furnished by Joseph C. James, the Local Weather Recorder

Feb. -1911. Warmest day 50 on the 16th. Coldest day 2 below on the 10th. Average temperature 28.67. Rainfall 2.88 inch. Snowfall 9 inches.

Feb. 1910—Warmest day 50 on the 15th. Coldest day 10 below on the 23th. Average temperature 19.94. Rainfall 65.100 inches. Snowfall 4 1/2 inches.

Feb. 1909—Warmest day 52 on the 18th. Coldest day zero on the 1st. Average temperature 29.10. Total rainfall 1.60 inches. Snowfall 6 inches.

Feb. 1908—Warmest day 47 on the 12th. Coldest day 10 below on the 4th. Average temperature 23.06. Total rainfall 2.20 inch. Snowfall 19 inches.

Feb. 1907—Warmest day 52 on the 18th. Coldest day 14 below on the 6th. Average temperature 22.61. Rainfall 30.100 inches. Snowfall 1 inch.

Feb. 1906—Warmest day 50 on the 12th. Coldest day 9 below on the 7th. Average temperature 22.88. Total rainfall 2.30 inches. Snowfall 3 inches.

Feb. 1905—Warmest day 44 on the 28th. Coldest day 25 below on the 13th. Average temperature 13.64. Total rainfall 1.85 inch. Snowfall 21 inches.

Feb. 1904—Warmest day 44 on the 6th. Coldest day 14 below on the 1st. Average temperature 12.37. Rainfall 1.50 inch. Snowfall 10 inches.

Feb. 1903—Warmest day 47 on the 27th. Coldest day 14 below on the 17th. Average temperature 21.11. Total rainfall 1 inch. Snowfall 6 inches.

Feb. 1902—Warmest day 48 on the 26th. Coldest day 9 below on the 5th. Average temperature 18.01. Rainfall 1.40 inches.

Rainfall includes melted snow.

NEW BRIDGE NEAR WOODWORTH COLLAPSES

The floor of the new concrete bridge, known as the "Devil bridge" in the town of Bristol just south of the village of Woodworth collapsed on Wednesday afternoon of last week and as a result the road is impassable at this point and the Town Board and the county will have to make some arrangements for the rebuilding of this portion of the bridge before the road will be open for the use of teams and vehicles. The floor collapsed without any warning and a large portion of it fell into the little creek beneath. Fortunately no one was on the bridge at the time of the collapse of the floor and within a short time the attention of the Town Board was called to the condition of the bridge and the road was closed up.

The contract for the bridge was let less than a year ago and it was completed just before the coming of the cold winter weather. It was made entirely of concrete and the cost of it was \$3,500, one-half of which amount was paid from the county funds. The last check for the payment of the Milwaukee contractors in charge of the work was mailed to them on Tuesday and it was paid by the bank on Wednesday. The Town of Bristol had also completed its share of the payments during the early part of the week.

Chairman Frank Shuart declares that the loss from the collapse of the floor of the bridge would be in the neighborhood of \$500 and as the bridge has been accepted it is probable that the cost will have to be paid by the town and by the county at large.

DIPHTHERIA IS CAUSE OF DEATH

On Friday of last week, Mr. and Mrs. H. S. Messager were called upon to part with their youngest child, Oliver R. aged one year and seven months. The cause of his death being diphtheria.

The little one had been ill for a few days with what his parents supposed to be only a slight cold, and on Tuesday they engaged the services of a physician who pronounced the case tonsillitis. The child continued to grow rapidly worse and on Thursday it was discovered that diphtheria had developed and the little one passed away the following day. The remains were interred in the Hillside cemetery Saturday morning.

May God of mercy hear our cries
And heal these broken hearts of ours
Ho has in his allwise dealings
Chosen one of earth's fair flowers,
Little Oliver; thou art gone before us
To the realm of endless day;
Still thy spirit hovers o'er us
As we tread life's weary way.

Though our hearts are pained with sadness
As we mourn, dear one, for thee,
Yet we know that you are waiting
On the shore beyond the sea.

When our pilgrimage is ended
And our trials and troubles cease,
Mny we with thee rest in Jesus
There to dwell in perfect peace.

England's First Christmas Trees.

The return of Christmas brought to life the journalistic legend that Prince Albert "introduced" Christmas trees into England and that the first of them was set up at Windsor castle in 1841. As a matter of fact, Christmas trees were introduced half a century before Prince Albert was born by Queen Charlotte, and they were set up every year for the royal children at Kew or at Windsor.—From London Truth.

WHITNEY NOMINATED FOR JUDGE

Antioch Cast Only Fifty-three Votes at the Judicial Primary Held Monday

COUNTY GIVES 1452 VOTES

Not One Vote Cast Against the Lake Co. Candidate Which Shows His Popularity

In the judicial primary held in Lake county Monday, Atty. Charles Whitney received every one of the 1452 votes cast in the county; he received practically all the votes cast in the other counties, Boone, Winnebago and McHenry county and in those counties the vote also was small. In McHenry but 500 votes were cast. In Boone, some writing in of Judge DeWolf's name was followed but not to any extent. Below are shown the votes in the various Lake county townships:

Benton	194
Newport	17
Antioch	53
Grant	20
Avon	111
Warren	61
Waukegan	497
Shields	98
Libertyville	122
Frement	20
Wauconda	25
Cuba	138
Ela	24
Vernon	18
West Deerfield	15
Deerfield	39

Below are shown the references to the primary in Boone and Winnebago counties, by papers of Belvidere and Rockford:

(Belvidere Republican).
The votes cast in Belvidere at the primary election Saturday numbered 127. They were divided in the precincts as follows: First, 23; Second, 40; Third, 8; Fourth, 31; Fifth, 25. Eight ballots were rejected in the count, leaving the net counted, 119.

The ballots rejected had been spoiled in the marking, six in the Fourth. W. L. Pierce received one cross having been placed in the wrong square.

One Socialist vote was cast in the First precinct and one in the same precinct written in for Judge W. C. DeWolf. Three Socialist votes were cast in the Second and three in the Fourth. W. L. Pierce received one vote in the Third, the name written in. All the rest of the votes were for Charles Whitney.

Mr. Whitney was what might be called an easy winner, having no opposition in the primaries. The vote was light everywhere.

(Rockford Register-Gazette)
A very small percentage of the vote was out Saturday at the judicial primary. The fact that Charles Whitney had no opposition accounts for the absolute apathy. Judges at various precincts went out and solicited votes in many instances in order to make a showing of a little something doing.

The total vote in Rockford for Mr. Whitney was 363. The Socialists turned in 30 votes for Fred Means and individual votes were registered for a number of attorneys and others. C. W. Ferguson received nine Democratic votes and Judge Whitney received two Prohibition votes for the judgeship. Inasmuch as Mr. Whitney will not run on the Prohibition ticket Attorneys Robert Rew and Frank S. Regan are tied for the honor, each receiving one vote.

A. B. Louison, Dr. Tebbetts, Clarence Darrow, Judge DeWolf of Belvidere, J. E. Rickert, H. P. Holland, William H. Sizer, F. E. Colchour, R. F. Locko, P. H. O'Donnell, O. M. Williams and Judge Donnelly were others romembered with a vote by some admirer.

England's First Christmas Trees.
The return of Christmas brought to life the journalistic legend that Prince Albert "introduced" Christmas trees into England and that the first of them was set up at Windsor castle in 1841. As a matter of fact, Christmas trees were introduced half a century before Prince Albert was born by Queen Charlotte, and they were set up every year for the royal children at Kew or at Windsor.—From London Truth.

ANTIOCH NEWS

A. H. JOHNSON, Publisher

ANTIOCH ILLINOIS

When a Man Marries

By MARY ROBERTS RINEHART

Author of The Circular Staircase, The Man in Lower Ten, Etc.

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SYNOPSIS.

James Wilson of Jimmy as he is called by his friends. Jimmy was round and looked shorter than he really was. His ambition in life was to be taken seriously, but people steadily refused to do so, his art is considered a huge joke, except to himself. If he asked people to dinner everyone expected a frolic. Jimmy marries Bella Knowles; they live together a year and are divorced. Jimmy's friends arrange to celebrate the first anniversary of his divorce. Those who attend the party are Miss Katherine McNair, who every one calls Kit, Mr. and Mrs. Dallas Brown, the Misses Mercer, Maxwell Reed and a Mr. Thomas Harbison, a South American civil engineer. The party is in full swing when Jimmy receives a telegram from his Aunt Selma, who will arrive in four hours to visit him and his wife. Jimmy gets his funds from Aunt Selma and after he marries she doubles his allowance. He neglects to tell her of his divorce, and she is opposed to it. Jimmy takes Kit into his confidence, he tries to devise some way so that his aunt will not learn that he has no longer a wife. He suggests that Kit play the hostess for one night, but Mrs. Wilson protests. Kit refuses, but is finally prevailed upon to act the part. Aunt Selma arrives and the deception works out as planned, as she had never seen Jimmy's wife. Jimmy's servant is taken ill, his face is covered with spots. Bella, Jimmy's divorced wife, enters the house and asks Kit who is being taken away in the ambulance. Bella insists it is Jim. Kit tells her Jim is well and is in the house. Bella tells Kit it wasn't Jim who was being taken away. Bella, the chap servant, as she wished to secure his services. Harbison steps out on the porch and discovers a man taking a card on the door. He demands an explanation. The man points to the placard and Harbison sees the word "Smallpox" printed on it. The man tells him he is an officer of the board of health and tells him the house is under quarantine and that the guests will have to remain in the house until after the quarantine is lifted.

CHAPTER V. (Continued.)

"No one would think that, Bella," I soothed her. "Everybody knows you loathe him—Jim, too." She looked at me over the edge of her cup.

"I'll run along now," she said, "since Takahiro isn't here. And if Jim has any sense at all, he will clear out every mald in the house. I never saw such a kitchen in all my life. Well, lend the way, Kit. I suppose they are deep in bridge, or roulette, or something."

She was fixing her veil, and I saw I would have to tell her. Personally, I would much rather have told her the house was on fire.

"Wait a minute, Bella," I said. "You see, something queer has happened. You know this is the anniversary—well, you know what it is—and Jim was awfully glum. So we thought we would come—"

"What are you driving at?" she demanded. "You are sea-green, Kit. What's the matter? You needn't think I mind because Jim has a jollification to celebrate his divorce."

"It—it was Takahiro—in the ambulance," I blurted. "Smallpox. We—Bella, we are shut in, quarantined."

She didn't faint. She just sat down and stared at me, and I stared back at her. Then a miserable alarm clock on the table suddenly went off like an explosion, and Bella began to laugh. I knew what that was—hysteria. She always had attacks like that when things went wrong. I was quite despairing by that time; I hoped they would all bear her and come downstairs and take her up and put her to bed like a Christian, so she could giggle her soul out. But after a bit she quieted down and began to cry softly, and I knew the worst was over. I gave her a shake, and she was no angry that she got over it altogether.

"Kit, you are horrid," she choked. "Don't you see what a position I am in? I am not going upstairs to face Anne and the rest of them. You can just put me in the coal cellar."

"Isn't there a window you could get through?" I asked desperately. "Looking the door doesn't shut up a whole house."

Bella's courage revived at that, and she said yes, there were windows, plenty of them, only she didn't see how she could get out. And I said she would have to get out, because I was playing Bella in the performance, and I didn't care to have an understudy. Then the situation dawned on her, and she sat down and laughed herself weak in the knees. Of course she wanted to stay, then, and see the fun out. But I was firm; she would have to go, and I told her so. Things were complicated enough without her. Well, we looked funny, no doubt, Bella in a Russian pony automobile coat over the black satin she had worn at the Cleveland's dinner, and I in cream lace, the skirt gathered up from the kitchen floor, with Bella's emerald polerine around my bare shoulders, and dishes and overturned chairs everywhere.

Bella knew more about the lower regions of her ex-home than I would have thought. She opened a door in a corner and let the way through a

narrow hall past the refrigerating room, to a huge, comforted cellar, with a furnace in the center, and a half-dozen electric lights making it really brilliant.

"Get a chair," Bella said over her shoulder, excitedly. "I can get out easily here, through the coal hole. Imagine my—"

But it was my turn to grip Bella. From behind the furnace were coming the most terrible sounds, rasping noises that fairly frayed the silk of my nerves. We stood petrified for an instant. Then Bella laughed. "They are not all gone," she said carefully. "Some one is asleep there."

We tiptoed to where we could see around the furnace, and, sure enough, some one was asleep there. Only, it was not one of the servants; it was a portly policeman, with a newspaper and an empty plate on the floor on one side, and a champagne bottle on the other. He had slid down in his chair, with his chin on his brass buttons, and his helmet had rolled a dozen feet away. Bella had to elap her mouth.

"Fairly caught!" she whispered. "Sartor Resartus, the arrestor arrested. Oh, Jim and his flawless service!"

But after we got over our surprise, we saw the situation was serious. The policeman was threatening to awaken. Once he stopped snoring to yawn noisily, and we beat a hasty retreat. Bella switched off the lights in a hurry and locked the door behind us. We hardly breathed until we were back in the kitchen again, and everything quiet. And then Jimmy called my name from above somewhere.

"I am going to call him down, Bella," I said firmly. "Let him help you out. I'm sure I don't see why I should have all this when the two of you—"

"Oh, no, no! Surely, Kit, you wouldn't be so cruel!" she whispered pleadingly. "You know what he would think. He—oh, Kit, let them all get settled for the night, and then come down, like a dear, and help me out. I know loads of ways—honestly I do."

"If I leave you here," I debated, "what about the policeman?"

"Never mind him!"—frantically. "Listen! There's Jim up in the pantry. Run, for the sake of heaven!"

So I ran. At the top of the stairs I met Jimmy, very crumpled as to shirt-front and dejected as to face.

"I've been handling everywhere for you," he said dismally. "I thought



We Stood Petrified for an Instant.

you had added to the general merriment by falling downstairs and breaking your neck."

I went past him with my chin up. Now that I had time to think about it, I was furious with him.

"Kit!" he called after me appealingly, but I would not hear. Then he adopted different tactics. He took advantage of my catching my foot in the lace of my gown to pass me, and to stand with his back against the door.

"You're not going until you hear me, Kit," he declared miserably. "In the first place, for all you are down on me, is it my fault? Honestly, now, is it my fault?"

I refused to speak. "I was coming home to be miserable alone," he went on, "and—oh, I know you meant well, Kit, but you asked all these crazy people here."

"Perhaps you will give me credit for some things," I said wearily. "I did not give Takahiro smallpox for instance, and—if you will permit me to mention the fact—Aunt Selma is not my Aunt Selma."

"That's what I wanted to speak to you about," Jimmy went on wretchedly, trying not to look at me. "You see, when they are rowing so about who would get the breakfast—I never saw such a lot of people; half of them never touch breakfast, but of course now they want all kinds of things—when they were talking, Aunt Selma said she knew you would get it, being the hostess, and responsible, besides knowing where things are kept." He had fixed his eyes on the orchids, and he looked shrunken, actually shrunken. "I thought," he finished, "you might give me a few pointers now, and I could come down in the morning, and—fuss up something, coffee and so on. I would say you did it! Oh, hang it all, Kit, why don't you say something?"

"What do you want me to say?" I demanded. "That I love to cook, and of course I'll fix trays and carry them up in the morning to Anne Brown and Lilla Mercer and the rest; and that I will have the shaylag water ready—" "I know what I'm going to do," Jimmy said, with a sudden resolution. "Aunt Selma and her money can go to blazes. I am going right upstairs and tell her the truth, tell her who you are, what I am, and all the rest of it."

"You'll do nothing of the kind," I gasped, catching him in time. "Don't you dare, Jimmy Wilson! Why, what

would they think of me? After letting her call me Bella, and him—Jim, if Mr. Harbison over learns the truth—I—I will take poison. If we are going to be shut up here together, we will have to carry it on. I couldn't stand the disgrace."

In spite of an heroic effort, Jim looked relieved. "They have been hunting for the linen closet," he said, more cheerfully, "and there will be room enough, I think. Harbison and I will hang out in the studio; there are two couches there. I'm afraid you'll have to take Aunt Selma, Kit."

"Certainly," I said coldly. That was the way it was all along. Whenever there was something to do that no one else would undertake—any unpleasant responsibility—that entire monstrous household turned with one gesture and pointed its finger at me! Well, it is over now, and I ought not to be bitter, considering everything.

It was quite characteristic of that memorable evening (that is quite novelogue, I think) that my interview with Jimmy should have a sensational ending. He was terribly down, of course, and as I was trying to pass him to get to the door, he caught my hand.

"You're a girl in a thousand, Kit," he said forlornly. "If I were not so damnably, hopelessly, idiotically in love with—somebody else, I should be crazy about you."

"Don't be maudlin," I retorted. "Would you mind letting my hand go?" I felt sure Bella could bear.

"Oh, come now, Kit," he implored, "we've always got along so well. It's a shame to let a thing like this make us bad friends. Aren't you ever going to forgive me?"

"Never," I said promptly. "When I once get away, I don't want ever to see you again. I was never so humiliated in my life. I loathe you!"

Then I turned around, and, of course, there was Aunt Selma with her eyes protruding until you could have knocked them off with a stick, and beside her, very red and uncomfortable, Mr. Harbison!

"Bella!" she said in a shocked voice, "is that the way you speak to your husband? It is high time I came here, I think, and took a hand in this affair."

"Oh, never mind, Aunt Selma," Jim said, with a sheepish grin. "Kit—Bella is tired and nervous. This is a—deuce of a situation. No—er—servants, and all that."

But Aunt Selma did mind, and showed it. She pulled the unlucky Harbison man through the door and closed it, and then stood glaring at both of us.

"Every little quarrel is an apple knocked from the tree of love," she announced oratorically.

"This was a very little quarrel," Jim said, edging toward the door; "a—green apple, Aunt Selma, a colicky little green apple." But she was not to be diverted.

"Bella," she said severely, "you said you loathed him. You didn't mean that."

"But I do!" I cried hysterically. "There isn't any word to tell how I—how I detest him."

Then I swept past them all and flew to Bella's dressing room and locked myself in. Aunt Selma knocked until she was tired, then gave up and went to bed.

That was the night Anne Browne's pearl collar was stolen!

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

BAD BREAK.

"Beautiful girl!" cried the impulsive young man on the shadowy deck of the lake steamer.

"Nonsense!" laughed the pretty maid. "Beauty is but skin deep."

"Ah, would that thou wert a hippopotamus!"

"Sir!"

The lapping of the waves grew fainter. It seemed as though he was sitting on an iceberg, so frigid were the surroundings.

"That is, I mean—well, you know a hippo's skin—fudge! A hippo's skin is thick, demurely thick, and if beauty is skin deep, and you had the skin of a hippo, why—er—you'd be that much more beautiful. Do I make myself plain, Miss Evangeline?"

"Yes, sir, you make yourself out to be the plainest dunce I ever saw. I shall never speak to you again."

And the moon man wept.

They Saw the Joke. An inveterate punster of this city happened to be at a county fair lately in the art embroidery section, when he saw approaching a pair of acquaintances whose front names were Eliza and Ferd. As they started to come in, he barred the way.

"This is no place for you," he cried. "Go over to the plant department where they are in need of Ferd-Eliza."

And then he fled just before the joke began to glimmer upon them.—Baltimore American.

Compensation. Congressman Dan Anthony of Leavenworth, Kan., a nephew of the late Susan B. Anthony, has a ten-year-old son who looks at the practical side of things every time. Not long ago his father had to go to Washington. When the day of departure arrived Mrs. Anthony said to the boy:

"Son, aren't we going to be lonesome when papa goes away?"

"Yes," replied the boy; "but we'll have a lot more cream for our oatmeal."

Some Better Than Usual. "So she married Jack Skaddle! Last time I saw her she was throwing herself at the head of his brother."

"Well, that's pretty good throwing for a woman; she hit a member of the family she aimed at!"

SELF-FEEDERS SAVE HAY AND CONSIDERABLE LABOR

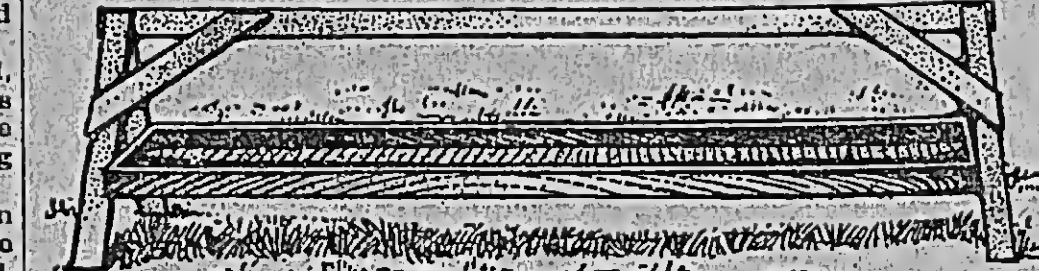
According to Tests Made at Colorado Experiment Station Fully 20 Per Cent. of Feed Is Wasted by Old Method of Feeding.

Self-feeder racks for supplying roughage to sheep or cattle are not only the means of saving considerable labor, but, according to tests made at the Colorado experiment station, are the means of saving a great deal of hay. One lot of lambs at this station were fed whole hay in a self-feeder rack and another lot whole hay in racks on the ground, such as are in common use in many sections of the country. The average gain of these two lots was practically the same, the lot feeding from the self-feeder averaging only one pound heavier than the others, says the American Agriculturist. Also, the grain consumed varied but little, being only nine pounds more for a 100-pound gain in the first lot than in the second. The great saving came in the cost of roughage.

The lot eating from the self-feeder consumed 601 pounds of hay for each

100 pounds of gain and the other lot, which was fed from racks on the ground, consumed 733 pounds of hay for each 100 pounds of gain. This indicates a difference of practically 20 per cent. in favor of the self-feeder racks. It makes a difference of 42 cents in the cost securing each 100 pounds of grain. These results were secured on alfalfa valued at \$5 per ton. With a higher price the difference would be correspondingly greater.

These self-feeding racks cost \$1 per running foot completed. They had the ordinary capacity of four lambs per running foot, two on each side, not so much space being required at a self-feeder as at an ordinary rack, since all the lambs will not eat at one time. As already stated, the saving in this one experiment amounted to 42 cents per 100 pounds of gain. This is equal to about 14 cents on each lamb. Counting four lambs per running foot, this would make a saving on one season's operations of 56 cents. In other words, the rack would pay for itself in two years. It is thought that when a type of self-feeder is developed for handling



Popular Type of Grain Trough.

100 pounds of gain and then eating off the ground consumed 733 pounds of hay for each 100 pounds of gain. This indicates a difference of practically

chopped hay better results may be secured from it than have hitherto been possible, by reducing the waste caused by wind.

RUSSIA GAINS IN FARMING

Prevailing Impression That Little Progress Is Made in That Country in Erroneous Series of Readings Gratis.

(By J. B. SNODGRASS.)

The impression generally prevails that, although Russia is most generously favored by nature, little progress is being made in agriculture. This is erroneous.

As an illustration of the interest that is being manifested along these lines, and as indicative of the progressive policy that has been adopted and is now being pursued, it may be cited that the Imperial Agricultural museum, in its endeavor to popularize the study of agricultural subjects, has for the last few years conducted

grants, at the museum in St. Petersburg, a series of systematic readings on agriculture for the benefit of every one interested. In addition to this course, popular lectures are delivered and special readings conducted for men in the lower ranks of the army.

In the experimental department of the museum the taking apart and putting together of various machinery is demonstrated by trained mechanics. Agricultural machinery in motion is also demonstrated and the use of agricultural implements is explained; experiments are also made with all classes of farm machinery, such as locomobiles, winnowers, sorters, and the like. In separate departments are demonstrated the fertilization of the fish spawn and the development of the chicken in the incubator.

The attendance at these lectures has been uninterruptedly increasing from year to year. For the past four years the attendance has been: 5,093, 17,898, 32,442, 60,346; showing great increase.

The lectures are delivered in the evening from seven to nine and on Sunday from two to three p. m. The practical work and excursions are conducted by prearrangements between the lecturers and the students, such as

trips to exhibitions and farm in the suburbs, and even to stockyards and slaughter houses.

Likewise the special classes pass through practically everything pertaining to plant culture, stock raising, poultry raising, bee culture and dairy farming, with all that pertains to the latter, such as butter and cheese making.

In the present scholastic season the courses of the systematic lectures will embrace the following academic subjects: Elementary chemistry, elementary anatomy, physiology of plants, improvement and cultivation of the soil, agricultural meteorology, agricultural economy, needs, agricultural implements, cattle raising, swine raising, etc.

On Sundays it is intended to conduct popular public readings and lectures on a variety of agricultural subjects.

Feed for Lambs.

The Wyoming experiment station, after repeated trials, concludes that corn and the bearded or Scotch barley, when fed with alfalfa, were about equal in value for mutton production. Barley in this test proved to be a shade the better. Twenty-seven per cent. less alfalfa and 28 per cent. less grain were required where barley replaced either in a ration. Grade lambs with mutton sires made greater gains, conditions being similar, than did Rambouillet lambs, though a record of food consumption for each class was not kept.

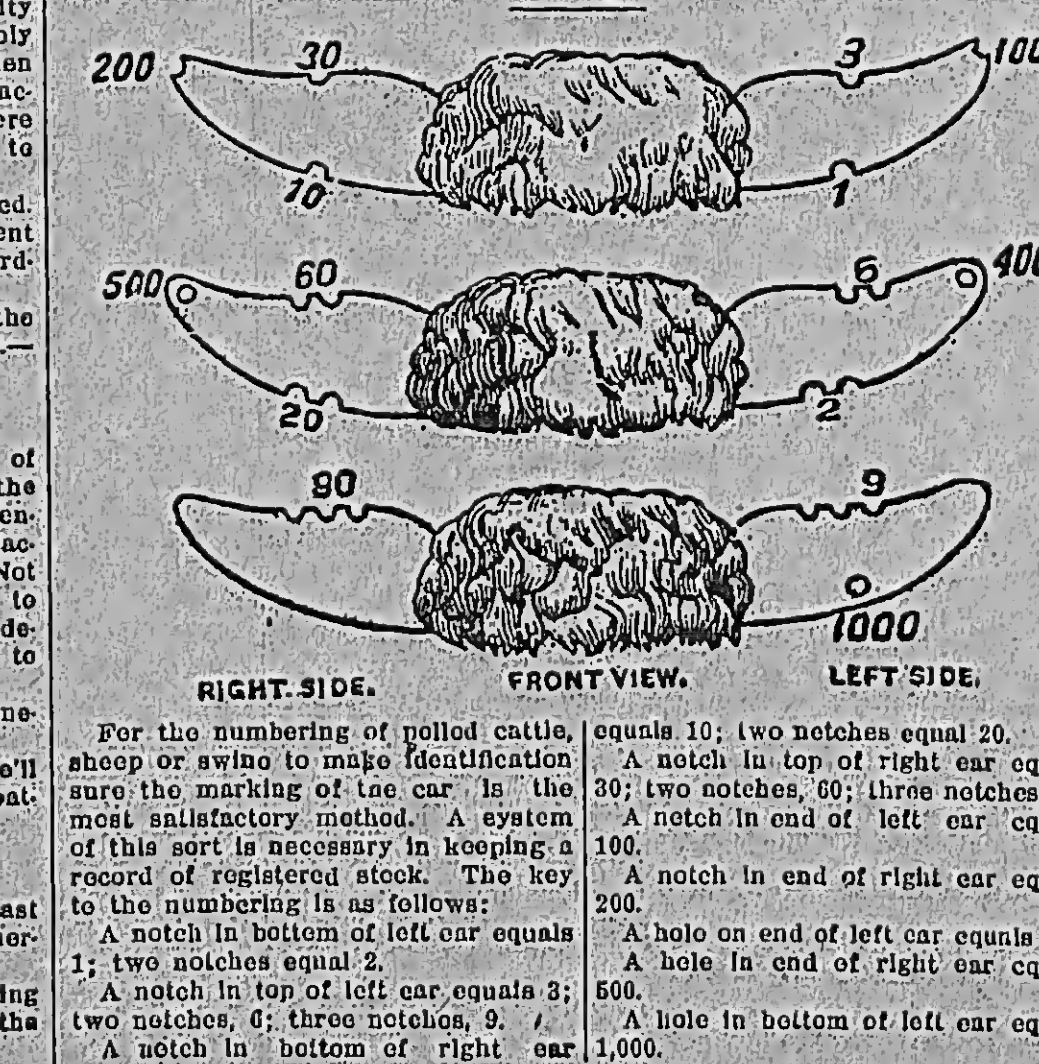
Draft Horses.

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Litter for Scratching.

Every month during the winter season the poultry buildings should be well supplied with clean straw, leaves or litter of some kind into which the feed is thrown in the morning to keep the hens busy.

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For more information, write to the Canadian Government Agent, C. J. Douglas, at Regina, Saskatchewan, or to the Canadian Government Agent, C. J. Douglas, at Regina, Saskatchewan.



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FIX DEFECTS IN STATE GAME LAWS

Governor in Special Message Urges Prompt Action.

OTHER BOARDS ARE AFFECTED

Statutes Governing Disposition of Fees in Several Departments Do Not Comply With Constitutional Requirements Relative to Appropriations.

Springfield, March 1.—In a special message sent to the legislature today, the governor urges prompt action in curing the defects in the law creating the slot game department. The following is the message:

An opinion of the Attorney General, rendered to the Senate on Feb. 13, 1911, points out certain defects in the act creating the State Game Department and providing for its maintenance. Under the provisions of the present law, approved April 28, 1903, in force July 1, 1903, and acts amendatory thereto, the funds available for the support and maintenance of the State Game Department are placed in the State treasury and, under section 25 of said act, are there set apart as a special fund known as the State Game Protection Fund.

Under the present law, all moneys used for the payment of salaries of the State Game Commissioner, the game wardens and deputy game wardens, are made payable by the State Treasurer out of the State Game Protection Fund upon warrants drawn by the Auditor of Public Accounts, upon presentation to him of proper vouchers certified to by the State Game Commissioner and approved by the Governor. This provision of the law is found defective by the Attorney General, in that it is in contravention of certain constitutional provisions in relation to appropriation measures.

The provisions of the game law in relation to expenditures for the maintenance of the State Game Department are also found to be defective in that they violate constitutional provisions governing the appropriation of money from the State treasury.

The opinion is based upon the decision of the Supreme Court of our State in the case of *The People v. Joyce*, 246 Ill., 124, decided Oct. 12, 1910.

The importance of the conclusions reached by the Attorney General in his opinion and the necessity of immediate action by your honorable body to provide for the continuance of the work of this important department are apparent. Ever since its creation, the funds of the State Game Department have been disbursed under this act in the manner now found defective by the opinion of the Attorney General. For all these expenditures, vouchers certified to by the State Game Commissioner and approved by the Governor are on file in the office of the Auditor of Public Accounts; and as the change necessary to comply with constitutional provisions will require nothing more than a change in the method of drawing upon the Game Protection Fund in the State Treasury, there should be no difficulty in securing the immediate passage of the necessary legislation, with an emergency clause, so as to prevent any unnecessary embarrassment to the administration of the work of the State Game Department.

The opinion of the Attorney General deals exclusively with the State Game Department, but in his annual report for 1910, the Attorney General intimates that the acts relating to these departments, institutions, boards and commissions which receive fees or public moneys and do not transmit them to the State Treasury through the Auditor of Public Accounts, or from which expenditures are made for salaries or other purposes without being authorized biennially by appropriation acts of the General Assembly, are unconstitutional.

I have taken pains to investigate the statutes creating the various State departments, institutions, boards and commissions, whose provisions governing the disposition of the fees and funds set apart for their support do not, according to the views of the Attorney General, comply with the constitutional requirements relative to appropriations. They are the following:

Food Commission, created April 24, 1899. Food Commission Fund, deposited in the State Treasury and drawn out without appropriation.

Fish Commission, created May 13, 1879. Fish Protection Fund, deposited in State Treasury and drawn out without appropriation.

Board of Administration, created June 15, 1909. Board of Administration Fund. The act of 1910 purports to appropriate this fund to the Board of Administration to be expended in accordance with the provisions of the act, but the maximum amount appropriated is not fixed.

Board of Health, created May 27, 1877. The Board has appropriations, but the fees collected are not paid into the State Treasury and are not appropriated.

Board of Pharmacy, created May 30, 1881. Fees collected are not paid into the State Treasury and the board has no appropriation for any purpose.

Fire Marshal's office, created June 15, 1909. The act creating the department provides for the application of

fees, collected through the insurance department, to the maintenance of the Fire Marshal's office. Under the act payment of these fees has been made to the Insurance Superintendent, who is prepared to pay them into the State treasury when appropriation measures are passed to make the law effective.

Barbers Board, created June 20, 1909. Fees collected are not paid into the State treasury and the Board has no appropriation.

Grain Inspection Departments at Chicago and East St. Louis, created under act of April 25, 1871. Collections are not paid into the State treasury and neither of the departments has an appropriation.

Board of State Veterinarians, created under act of June 27, 1885. Collects license and other fees. They are not paid into the State treasury and are not appropriated.

University of Illinois, created February 28, 1867. Tuitions, fees and other receipts are not paid into the treasury and are not appropriated.

Southern Illinois Normal University, created March 9, 1909. Tuitions, fees and other receipts are not paid into the State treasury and are not appropriated.

Eastern Illinois State Normal School, created May 22, 1895. Tuitions, fees and other receipts are not paid into the State treasury and are not appropriated.

Northern Illinois State Normal School, created May 22, 1895. Tuitions, fees and other receipts are not paid into the State treasury and are not appropriated.

Western Illinois State Normal School, created April 24, 1899. Tuitions, fees and other receipts are not paid into the State treasury and are not appropriated.

Bureau of Labor, created May 29, 1879. License fees collected under "An act relating to private employment agencies, and to repeal parts of a certain act relating thereto," approved June 15, 1909, are not paid into the State treasury and no appropriation of the fees is made.

Board of Agriculture, created April 15, 1872. Collects premiums, gate receipts and other moneys that are not paid into the State treasury and are not appropriated.

Stallion Registration Commission, created June 10, 1900. Collects fees that are not paid into the State treasury and are not appropriated.

Board of Prison Industries, created May 11, 1903. Collects moneys under the provisions of "An act to regulate the employment of convicts and prisoners in the penal and reformatory institutions of the State of Illinois, and providing for the disposition of the products of their skill and industry," in force July 1, 1903. The collections under this act are not paid into the treasury and are not appropriated.

Insurance Department, created June 20, 1893. Examination fees collected are not paid into the State treasury, but are appropriated by the 50th paragraph of the act to appropriate moneys to pay the general expenses of the State government. No maximum amount is fixed.

Board of Certified Accountants, created May 15, 1903. State University. Fees for examinations are collected but are not paid into the State treasury and are not appropriated.

Secretary of State. Fees received for automobile and chauffeur licenses, under act of June 10, 1909, are not paid into the State treasury, but are appropriated by the 50th paragraph of the act appropriating moneys to pay the general expenses of the State government. No maximum amount is fixed.

Auditor of Public Accounts. Fees collected as superintendent of banking department under act of June 15, 1887, and building and loan department, under act of July 1, 1899, are not paid into the State treasury, but are appropriated by the 18th paragraph of the act appropriating money to pay the general expenses of the State government. The maximum amount is not fixed.

Board of Examiners of Dental Surgery, created under act of May 15, 1905. Fees and other collections are not paid into the State treasury, and no appropriation is made to the Board.

State Board of Architects, created June 3, 1897. Fees and other collections are not paid into the State treasury and no appropriation is made to the Board.

Illinois State Penitentiary (Joliet), created February 19, 1857. Miscellaneous collections of this institution are not paid into the State treasury and are not appropriated.

Southern Illinois Penitentiary (Cahokia), created May 24, 1877. Miscellaneous collections of this institution are not paid into the State treasury and are not appropriated.

State Reformatory (Pontiac), created March 6, 1857. Miscellaneous collections of this institution are not paid into the State treasury and are not appropriated.

In view of the fact that it would be impossible to discontinue the work of a department, institution, board or commission, to await the decision of the Supreme Court in each case or class of cases arising under the statute enumerated above, and of the possible embarrassment that might arise hereafter should questions be raised as to the validity of the expenditures of the departments, institutions, boards and commissions enumerated, and which might require the convening of the General Assembly in extraordinary session, I deem it wise at this time to submit for the consideration of your honorable body the question of the amendment of said statutes. Their amendment will affect merely the method of keeping accounts by these departments, institutions, boards or commissions, and not their administration.

LOWER HOUSE IS RUSHING ITS WORK

Its Members Do Not Desire to Be Held Responsible for an Extra Session.

OLD MEN ON DUTY AT NIGHT

Gen. Kelfer and Other Veterans Stick to Posts—Navy Department Seeks to Postpone—Famous Names in the Military Academy.

By GEORGE CLINTON.

Washington.—Members of both parties in the house of representatives made up their minds after the prolonged filibuster on the omnibus claims bill that it would not be wise politically for either party to have the house charged up with delaying matters so that an extra session would be necessary, even if reciprocity did not cause the president to call it. The result of this feeling has been that the house has been pushing things through at a rapid gait under what amounts to a suspension of the ordinary rules of procedure.

The scenes at a recent night session of the house were duplicates virtually of scenes which occurred when the members, or some of them, sat up all night during the attempt of the Republican insurgents and most of the Democrats to affect a change in the rules. Night sessions are held on the members, especially the older ones, but it is a curious thing to note that the old men, who suffer most, are the ones who stick closest to their desks and the fight while the trouble is on.

Perhaps it is the desire of the older members to avoid a charge that age has weakened them that keeps them at the post of duty through the long night sessions while some of the younger members are home and in bed or, at best, sleeping on the lounges or in the chairs of the cloak-rooms. Two old Civil war veterans of the house, one a Republican and one a Democrat—General Kelfer and General Sherwood—always have been on the night picket line when the two parties in the house were engaged in midnight warfare.

General Kelfer's Achievement.

A year ago when Speaker Cannon was delaying a ruling on a point of order which affected a change in the rules, parliamentary strategy made it necessary to keep the house in session all night. Member after member rose to speak in order that the debate might continue so as to prevent the forcing of the speaker's hand. It was one o'clock in the morning and the supply of ready and willing speakers on the Republican side seemed to have been pretty nearly exhausted. Then up rose General Kelfer and for an hour and a half he addressed the house, his voice being heard in every corner of the galleries. He spoke as though it were ten o'clock in the morning and he had risen refreshed from a long night's slumber. On March 4 General Kelfer will leave the house for private life. Once on a time he was speaker of the house of representatives and, as probably, everybody in the United States knows from his pictures, he always appears in public in "full dress" evening attire.

Seek Hulk of Warship.

The navy department has ordered two vessels, charged with the duty of finding and destroying derelicts, to search for the hulk of the old French warship *Richelieu* which, water-logged and abandoned, has been reported to be in the track of trans-Atlantic liners somewhere between the American coast and Queenstown.

If the *Richelieu* is found she will be destroyed, in case she is not found near enough to some port to be towed in. Even if the latter proves to be the case, immediate destruction may follow provided the boat is found not to be worth the saving.

Derelicts are a danger to commerce. It is believed that many and many a ship which never has been heard from has gone down as the result of a collision with some wail of the sea. There are some scores of derelicts known to be afloat and the search for them by specially commissioned vessels of every government is constantly in progress. A list is kept of every derelict which is reported and when one is found and destroyed or towed into port, it is checked from the record. Strive as hard as the governments of the world can, the derelict list remains about the same year in and year out. When one is found and destroyed another one usually is reported to take its place, and if the average of those afloat can be kept about the same from year to year it seems to be about all that the navigation interests can expect.

Tested Her Ram on a Derelict.

Some years ago the ram *Katshidn*, which is now out of commission, found a water-logged lumber ship abandoned at sea off Cape Hatteras. At that time the ram type of ship was more or less an experiment and the captain of the *Katshidn* thought he would put his steel-pointed, heavily reinforced prow to the test, and so he ordered full speed ahead and the *Katshidn* rammed the derelict amidships. The shock of the impact threw most of the crew of the war vessel to the deck, but no one was hurt while the lumber ship was cut almost in two. The *Katshidn* backed out and in a few moments the derelict filled and sank. Most of her lumber load, which was largely on deck, float-

ed on the surface of the sea, but the planks and the logs were separated and none of them was of sufficient size or weight to be in itself a menace to navigation.

This is the season for the distribution of free vegetable and flower seeds by members of congress. Every member is given a certain number of seed packages for distribution among his constituents. There is a belief generally throughout the country that members of congress who represent crowded city districts have no use for these seeds and this belief was well based a few years ago, but matters have changed completely.

Gardens in the Cities.

Within the last three or four years the social settlement workers in the great cities have been instructing the tenement dwellers in the value of making their little crowded homes as attractive as possible. Health and morals are improved by pleasant surroundings according to the view of the Socialists. The result has been that in thousands of the tenements of New York City, Chicago and other big cities there are indoor gardens in winter and outdoor gardens in summer.

It is true that these gardens are limited in size, but on hundreds of back porches and on the window ledges of the tenement districts of New York green boxes appear in the spring and summer season and each box contains growing geraniums, pansies and other flowers. Some of the tenement dwellers manage to raise vegetables on the roofs and on the back porches.

Each senator and representative is allowed a certain number of government publications free for distribution among his constituents. It happens that occasionally there is a great demand from one district for a certain publication, a demand which exhausts quickly the supply of the member representing the district. Then comes a series of exchanges, the member who wants publications exchanging garden seeds for them with some other member who prefers seeds to the printed matter. This sort of bartering goes on constantly and by carrying it on judiciously, each member is able to meet the particular requirements of his district.

Famous Names at West Point.

The next class which enters the United States Military academy will be the largest in the history of the institution, according to the war department reports. In June there will enter the cadet camp as "pobos," which is the West Point name for freshmen, one hundred and fifty young men, representing every state and territory in the union.

Among the candidates is a boy named Robert E. Lee. There have been several Lees all belonging to the same family, in attendance at West Point since the day of the first Robert E. Lee, who afterward became the chief general of the Confederate army. The boy who will enter the government school in June is, however, the first Robert E. Lee to become a cadet since the great soldier of that name reported at West Point eighty-six years ago. Robert E. Lee graduated at the head of his class.

"Stonewall's" Grandson a Cadet.

The grandson of Thomas J. ("Stonewall") Jackson is now a cadet at West Point. His mother was a daughter of the Confederate commander. The boy's name is Thomas Jonathan Jackson Christian. He was appointed to the military academy by President Roosevelt who in appointing him wrote a letter to the widow of "Stonewall" Jackson saying that he was proud of the opportunity to appoint her grandson and the grandson of the great Confederate soldier to a cadetship at the United States military academy.

Elliott Woods is the superintendent of the capitol. To Mr. Woods falls the duty of making such changes as are necessary in the great national legislative halls. He is responsible for the lighting, the ventilation, the hanging of pictures and for the comfort and convenience of senators and members and in fact for everything which pertains to the great structure on the hill.

Just at present the superintendent is introducing uniform lighting fixtures. In most of the rooms of senators and representatives in the capitol proper, the office buildings being disregarded, there were installed years ago brass fixtures for lighting purposes. They never have been satisfactory and they have been regarded by persons with an artistic sense as being extremely ugly. In some cases silver and crystal chandeliers already have been installed.

Beautiful Chandeliers in Capitol.

It may seem to some people that silver and crystal are not as appealing as are brass antiquities, but there are already in the capitol some crystal chandeliers which are nothing less than superb. For many years these great lighting fixtures hung from the ceilings of the rooms in the White House where their beauty attracted the attention of every visitor. For some reason or other all but one or two of them were taken down and actually stored away as virtually worthless junk.

The superintendent of the capitol finally got hold of these old chandeliers and hung two of them in the committee rooms of the capitol. As a result these rooms are the most attractive in the entire structure. The chandeliers simply are exquisite in workmanship and moreover the crystal reflects many colored rays of light, not too dazzling, but on the whole softly beautiful. It is the intention to install new fixtures in other parts of the capitol which in appearance will be in keeping with those which a curious "twist of taste" was responsible for rejecting from the White House.

ZELAYA WAS BRUTAL SLAYER

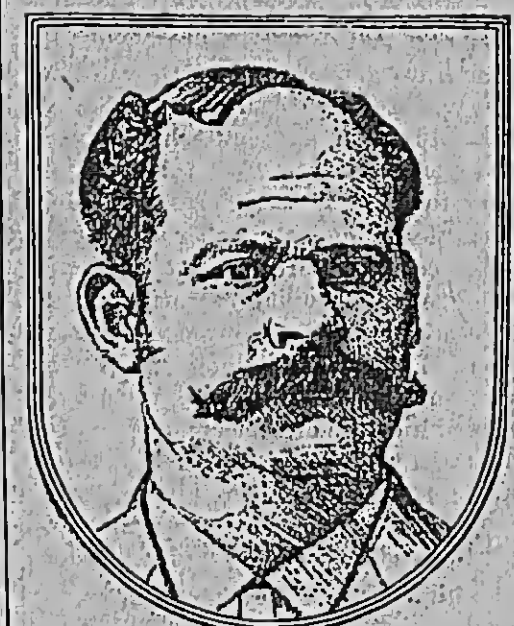
Uncle Sam Now Ready to Punish Ex-President of Nicaragua If He's Caught.

Washington.—The United States department of state has a secret report which places an entirely new light on the execution of Leroy Cannon and Leonard Gross, who were shot upon the orders of former President Jose Santos Zelaya during the recent rebellion in Nicaragua.

As a result of this report the deposed President Zelaya, now at large in Europe, if captured and brought back to Nicaragua, may be treated as a murderer, and a vigorous lesson given the warring Central American republics relative to the rights of American citizens.

The general impression had been that Gross and Cannon were caught within the lines of the enemy and were treated as spies, in accordance with the laws of war. This sentiment was heightened by misleading newspaper reports and by the statement of one of the victims, that "it is the fortune of war."

On the contrary, it appears that Gross and Cannon were captured while asleep, that they were not spying, that



Former President Zelaya.

they had not attempted to blow up a bridge with dynamite as originally reported, that they were shot upon the direct order of Zelaya, that they were given only a farcical trial, and that they were entitled to the ordinary treatment of combatants captured in war.

Of the men who constituted the court-martial, one is dead and the other has disappeared. Zelaya, the man responsible, whose order resulted in the death of the two adventurous Americans, is a marked man and may never return to Nicaragua, nor to any portion of the world where the United States has influence.

"Court-martial and shoot at once," was the first order given by Zelaya, and when the court hesitated he finally sent the order "shoot them immediately." This last telegram now is said to be in the hands of the government of the United States. The story is a recital of one of the most outrageous exhibitions of high-handed power ever known, even in the semi-barbarous Central American republic.

This is not the only evidence which the state department has against the deposed Nicaraguan tyrant. It is told of him that he exercised the absolute power of a Nero.

The present government of Nicaragua has promised to make amends to the relatives of Gross and Cannon in the payment of money to their relatives. But the American government will not regard the ends of justice as having been carried out, so long as Zelaya is at liberty.

THE OLD CUMBERLAND ROAD

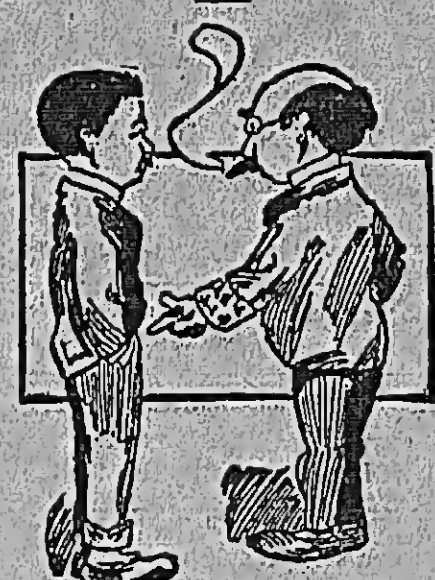
It is Now Proposed to Reconstruct the Famous Pike, Nearly 800 Miles in Length.

Baltimore, Md.—The old Cumberland road is attracting attention to itself in the various states through which it passes and there is a growing appreciation of its historical value. Some of the states have undertaken more or less extensive repairs along the ancient thoroughfare. Pennsylvania is resurfacing her part of it and many of the counties in Ohio and Indiana are doing what they can to mend the great highway, which in its day was by far the most important in this country.

It has even been suggested that the federal government might be persuaded to co-operate with the states in a scheme for the reconstruction of the famous pike all the way from Cumberland, Md., to its western terminus at St. Louis. Nearly 800 miles in length and following an almost perfectly straight course from Atlantic tide-water to the Mississippi river it would furnish a magnificent pathway for automobiles.

If this shall be accomplished the old road will again become a busy thoroughfare. Taverns will open their hospitable doors at frequent intervals along its length, as in the ancient days, and the echoes of the hills in the passes of the Allegheny mountains will be awakened by the cheerful hunking of motor horns—just as in former times they responded to the merry tooting of the coach guard's trumpets. It would become the fashion for automobile parties to "do the pike," the long straightaway stretches of which would afford most attractive opportunities for speeding, while a trip over it in a gasoline car might well be deemed worth taking for the mere sake of the extraordinarily picturesque and beautiful scenery.

OUT OF A JOB.



Young Bill (sadly)—Yes, that's what the boss told me when 'e fired me.

A WOMAN'S KIDNEYS

Are Often Responsible for Untold Suffering.

Mrs. August Wittenberg, 1083 Hopkins St., Milwaukee, Wis., says: "Kidney trouble came on me almost before I was aware of it. There was a constant inclination for the kidneys to act and the secretions were accompanied by burning and scalding. The headaches and giddy feelings that oppressed me were almost unbearable and life soon lost all interest. Doan's Kidney Pills came to my attention at that critical time and I used them faithfully until entirely cured."

Remember the name—Doan's. For sale by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

Between Octogenarians. "I understand they sentenced him to life imprisonment." "Well, no; it wasn't as bad as that. He got only 99 years!"—Puck.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets regulate and invigorate stomach, liver and bowels. Sugar-coated, tiny, granules, easy to take. Do not gripe.

Some men will do anything for the sake of a little newspaper notoriety.

THAT AWFUL BACKACHE

Cured by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

Morton's Gap, Kentucky.—"I suffered two years with female disorders. My health was very bad and I had a continual backache which was simply awful. I could not stand on my feet long enough to cook a man's victuals without my back nearly killing me, and I would have such dragging sensations I could hardly bear it. I had soreness in each side, could not stand tight clothing, and was irregular. I was completely run down. On advice I took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and Liver Pills and an enjoyable good health. It is now more than two years and I have not had an ache or pain since. I do all my own work, washing and everything, and never have the backache any more. I think your medicine is grand and I praise it to all my neighbors. If you think my testimony will help others you may publish it."—Mrs. OLLIE WOODALL, Morton's Gap, Kentucky.

Backache is a symptom of organic weakness or derangement. If you have backache don't neglect it. To get permanent relief you must reach the root of the trouble. Nothing we know of will do this so surely as Lydia E. Pinkham's Compound.

Write to Mrs. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass., for special advice. Your letter will be absolutely confidential, and the advice free.

Be master of your own time. Use a Gillette. KNOWN THE WORLD OVER.

More Eggs. The way to make 100 hens lay 80 eggs a year in winter. To raise 100 chicks to market size in 70 days, out of every hundred chicks hatched, 15 by my new successful poultry and egg method, sent on free trial to prove it. Mrs. L. ALLEY, Department G, New Madrid, Mo.

PRINCE ALBERT, SASKATCHEWAN. The center of the richest farming districts in Western Canada, offers certain success to workers. For free literature giving particulars of free homesteads, maps, etc., write JULIUS L. WOODWARD, Secretary Board of Trade, Prince Albert, Sask.

RUPTURED? I want the name and address of every person who has a rupture. It's your advantage to write me today. W. H. CLEGG, 1118 Cottage Grove Ave., Chicago, Ill.

PISO'S. IS THE NAME OF THE BEST MEDICINE FOR COUGHS & COLDS.

THE ANTIOCH NEWS

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY BY

A. B. JOHNSON, Editor and Prop.

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THURSDAY, MARCH 2, 1911

Women seldom suffer in silence.

A centipede is seldom on its last legs.

When money talks it usually gets an
encore.Good luck seems to stumble right on-
to the hustler.Some men like to blow about having
been on a toot.A man made of common clay is not
always a brick.Anyway Adam didn't trail around on
Eve's apron strings.The man who makes enemies is at
least doing something.The man who is on the square does
not have to sneak around.Heroic deeds are poor collateral to
try to borrow money on.Acting so as to keep out of trouble is
no sure sign of cowardice.A self-made man can't kick on the
material used in his make-up.It doesn't take much of a backbone
to avoid sins that never tempt you.A man gets to the front sometimes
by being shoved by those in the rear.The world owes us all a living—but
some are better collectors than others.Why should the bridegroom wear
mourning on the happiest day of his
life.You can not be a pioneer in any
movement if you wait to climb on the
band wagon.A scientist tells us that metals get
tired—but who ever saw a lazy man
on his metal.The women who want to vote are
more to be respected than the men who
can and don't.Folks who expect to take their money
with them when they leave this earth
must have money to burn.The man who tries and fails is of
more value to society than he who says
he can't and succeeds at it.Just because you can't see your own
children's faults is no sign that you
need the service of an oculist.The plodder often makes more pro-
gress than the rapid worker who has
to hurry to make up for wasted time.The Lord does not always provide,
but he will get behind and push the
fellow who goes after what he wants.Some sinners who refuse to give up
their street car seats to ladies may
be glad to get standing room in heaven.Don't talk so much about your an-
cestors, but try to do act and do that
your grandchildren will be proud of
theirs.A report comes from North Caro-
lina of a hen that laid five eggs a day.
That hen must be a poor mathemati-
cian.Many a man who can't paddle his
own canoe thinks he is qualified to fur-
nish the motive power for the ship of
state.When a woman gets rigged out with
a new lid and gown, she calls she has
been neglecting begin to bother her
conscience.An exchange informs us that a girl
does not like to be kissed against her
will. Well, that's no place to kiss a
girl, anyway.Mustard plasters are going up in
price also. The trusts must be getting
scared when they resort to hitting us
in the back.Maybe the postmaster general wants
to raise the rates on second class mat-
ter so as to have some change to put in
the postal savings bank.A paragrapher asks: How many
people are there who ask questions they
know you can't answer? There wouldbe one less if this paragrapher kept
quiet.A man in Philadelphia claims to have
gotten drunk eating onions. This is a
happy combination—making it possible
to get drunk and kill your breath at the
same time.They say there are no lawyers in
heaven—which may be the reason that
everyone else wants to go there. And
if they all go to the other place the
devil need not want for good company.A man claims to have invented some-
thing that will overcome the laws of
gravitation. If he would invent some-
thing that would cause a dollar to re-
turn to you after being spent it would
be more to the point.Some one tells us that Eve was
twenty-three feet tall. She had the
advantage of being able to overlook
Adam's faults—but it's no wonder our
prehistoric dad was tardy in taking her
to a dressmaker.Illinois stands in great need of better
country roads. The department of
agriculture made an elaborate estimate
once on the cost of bad roads to the far-
mer. It was a showing which should
have had a greater effect than it did on
those to whom it was addressed. Con-
siderable money and labor are spent
yearly on Illinois roads, but as a rule
they are spent unintelligently and to
little purpose. The man who works out
his road tax by scraping up to the
crown of the road dirt which rains have
washed into the ditches and which later
rains will wash back again might about
as well have kept at home.There is a state highway commis-
sion, whose duty it is to inform itself
as to highway construction and give in-
formation to all who have authority
over highways. It is believed that the
commission has done good work, but
the field is too extensive for three men
to cover. There is need of some agency
which shall be nearer the highway com-
missioners, who look after the country
roads, to guide them in their work and
co-ordinate their efforts to the end that
there may be a continuity of good
roads throughout the state. Then the
farmer would no longer be unable be-
cause of bottomless roads to get his
crops to the nearest railroad station at
the time they were bringing the highest
price.Now it is proposed to link together
the state highway commission and the
men who have to do immediately with
roadmaking. A bill has been intro-
duced which makes provision for a su-
perintendent of roads for every county.
He is to have had at least three years'
experience as a civil engineer. It
would be a part of his duty to classify
all the roads in his county, roads of the
first class, which should receive special
attention, being those connecting the
principal points in his county. He
would have to inspect all the roads, give
advice about building them, and make
report to the state highway commis-
sion.With this force of capable superin-
tendents there would be some approach
to systematized and united road build-
ing in Illinois. The millions now ex-
pended annually would be spent to much
better purpose, and it would not be
many years before there was a prac-
ceptible improvement. Let us have the
superintendents of roads.Wise saying.
Far around and beyond whatever is
exceptional and illustrious in human
life stretches that which is average
and unperceived.

Special Shoe Sale

Having bought H. A. Wienke's entire stock of
footwear will sell at cost on

Saturday, March 4

A quantity of Ladies', Men's and
Children's Footwear consisting ofLadies' button and lace shoes, Ladies' rubbers,
Men's work shoes and dress shoes in both lace
or button; also German socks, sheepskin moc-
casins, socks for rubber boots, leggings and rub-
bers; also Children's shoes in patent leather,
button or lace, and Children's rubbers.This sale is to make room for Spring and Summer
goods that will arrive soon. Our shelves are over-
crowded and we must have room for new goods.
Come early and avoid the rush, for we have shoes
for all the great and small.

Remember the Date

SATURDAY, MARCH 4th

J. R. CRIBB.

AUCTION SALES

The undersigned Administrator of
Charles W. Turner dec'd will sell on the
Turner Farm one mile east of Antioch

Friday, March 3, 1911,

commencing at 1:00 p. m. sharp the
following property to-wit: 1 bay mare
18 years old, 8 cows some springers, 3
2 yr old Heifers, 3 hogs 1 doz chickens
1 lumber wagon, 1 truck wagon, 1 milk
wagon, single bukeya wagon, hay rake,
hay rack, pair bobs, grain binder, corn
binder, pair drags, disc harrow, mower,
sulkey plow, walking plow stubble,
sod plow, riding corn cultivator, corn
sheller, pair 1000 lb scales, large kittle,
soma carpenter tools, forks spades
and shovels, 1 team harness, coal heater,
cook stove for coal or wood, grindstone,
2 post hold diggers, corn planter 600 bu
oats, 250 bu corn in crib, 12 ton tame
hay in barn, some straw in stack, 800
drain tile 4 and 5 inch, 3 milk cans,
sythe and hoes, stone boat, vinegar in
barrel, wheel barrel, crow bar and
moul, extension ladder and other
articles to numerous to mention. Free
lunch at noon. Usual terms.Geo. Vogel, W. J. WHITE,
Auctioneer AdministratorThe undersigned will sell at Public
auction on his farm 3 miles south of
Antioch on the Fox Lake road on

Saturday, March 4, 1911

Commencing at 1:00 o'clock sharp the
following property, to-wit: 24 head of
cattle, 18 heavy springers, some with
calves by side, 1 Jersey cow, calf by
side, new milker, 12-yr old Holstein
bull, 4 yearling Heifers, 1 sow with 7
spring pigs, terms 6 mos, at 6 per cent.
Geo. Vogel, Bert Bown,
Auctioneer Proprietor.The undersigned will sell at public
auction at his farm in Millburn on

Wednesday, March 8

commencing at 10:00 o'clock a. m. the
following property to-wit: 1 gray geld-
ing 6 years old, weight 1700; 1 black
gelding 7 years old, weight 1550; 1
brown gelding 8 years old, weight 1600;
1 brown gelding 5 years old, weight
1600; 1 gray mare, with foal, 6 years
old, weight 1500; 1 brown driving mare
8 years old, 1 sorrel driving mare 9
years old, 1 sorrel mare 2 years old, 1
gray gelding 2 years old, 1 brown geld-
ing 2 years old, 1 bay gelding 1 year
old, 1 black gelding 1 year old, 26
choice dairy cows (tuberculin tested) 2
full blood Holstein bulls 1 year old,
2 gray Durham bulls 1 year old, 2 year-
ling heifers, 6 brood sows, 1 I. O. C.
bear, 7 shoats, 500 bu. of oats, 40 bu. of
barley, 20 tons of hay, 4 stacks of corn
fodder, 1 surrey, 1 road wagon, 1 seed-
er, 1 sulkey plow, 1 cauldron kettle, 1
walking plow, and 5 dozen chickens.USUAL TERMS LUNCH AT NOON
JOHN STRANG, Prep.
Geo. Vogel, John Thain,
Auctioneer ClerkThe undersigned will sell at public
auction on the Cannon farm, 2 1/2 miles
south-east of Antioch on the Hickory
road on

Friday, March 10th

commencing at 1:00 o'clock the follow-
ing property to-wit: 28 cows, milchers
and springers; 5 two-year-old heifers, 7
yearling heifers, 4 calves, 2 brood sows,
300 bu. of oats, 4 tons of wild hay, 7
milk cans.
Geo. Vogel, Auctioneer Usual terms.
Brook & Garrett, Props.To Sell a Cracked Egg.
To boil a cracked egg, add one tea-
spoonful of salt to the water, and it
will cook without having any of the
white come out.—Housekeeper.WARRENTON GIRL IS VIC-
TIM OF BASE DECEIVER

(CONTINUED FROM FIRST PAGE)

again he would certainly put up a battle
for his liberty.He asserted that he was innocent of
intentional wrong doing and had merely
acted so because he loved the Flood
girl to distraction and could not live
without her.The Flood girl is still in Chicago. Up
to Monday morning she did not know
that her lover had been arrested, and
in fact, the girl has played an innocent
part all through the amentable affair,
being deceived.Constable Hicks took his prisoner to
Waukegan at 9 o'clock Sunday morn-
ing and at once lodged him in the Lako
county jail. The constable and his
charge had to take a log train from
Summit Lake to Antigo and were on
the road traveling continuously from 1
until 9 a. m., when they arrived at
Waukegan.It is said that some of the Flood girl's
letters are in possession of Mrs. Kranz,
but that she was ignorant of the whole
matter and is an entirely innocent
party, as innocent as the girl herself.

It is suspected by relatives of the

Flood girl and by officers of the law
that Kranz may have had other girls on
the string also, and that he led a career
as a professional heart breaker, al-
though to date no evidence of this has
come to light.The whole story is as sad a one as
has come to light in this county in many
a day and efforts were made at once to
straighten out the tangle and right a
long list of what appear to be down-
right wrongs.Kranz returned to Chicago a week
ago Saturday.AGED MAN
PASSED AWAY
SATURDAY LASTSaturday, February 25, 1911, marked
the passing away of Mr. Noah Yaw,
one of the oldest residents of Camp
Lake. He was born November 12,
1827, in the state of Massachusetts and
passed away at the age of 83 years, 3
months and 13 days, advancing age be-
ing the cause.He was united in marriage to Miss
Hannah Lake in his native state in 1846
and came to Lake county in the same
year where they lived until 1872 when
they removed to Kenosha county, Wis.

To this union was born four children,

Mrs. Emma Blanchard, who died June
17, 1890, the three surviving being
Henry Yaw, Mrs. Sylvia Webster and
Miss Grace Yaw. Mr. Yaw had been a
widower since the year 1907. Besides
his three children, he leaves to mourn,
14 grandchildren and 16 great grand-
children. The funeral services were
held on Monday at the Liberty church,
Rev. Stuxrud officiating. Burial was at
Liberty cemetery.

If Not True, It Ought to Be.

Lord Derby's remark to the prince
consort as to the difficulty there
would be in forming an administration
if its members had to pass an exam-
ination of naval cadets standard may
be paralleled by a story which Lord
Lyttelton's friends used to tell against
him. His handwriting was one of the
worst. The story ran that he put in
at the table of the House of Lords an
amendment to the reform bill of 1867,
proposing that nobody who could not
read and write legibly should be en-
titled to vote. Next day it was re-
turned by the clerk as illegible and in-
capable of entry in the journals with-
out further explanation. If this story
is not true, as Lord Fitzmaurice hints,
it ought to have been.—London Chron-
icle.

Grocery Price Reduction

Buy your groceries at your home town and save money.
For this week we offer the following specials

7 bars Galvanic soap 25c	6 bars Amber soap..... 25c	3 packages Mince Meat..... 25c
10 bars Calumet Family soap 25c	21 lbs. Granulated Sugar..... \$1.00	1 lb. very best Tea..... 45c
1 doz. boxes of Matches..... 15c	1 doz. boxes of Matches..... 15c	5 gal. Kerosene..... 45c
2 large boxes Johnson's Wash- ing Powder..... 25c	1 bbl. Gold Medal Flour..... \$1.45	1 package Yeast Foam..... 4c
2 large boxes Mother's Wash- ing Soap..... 25c	3 packages Corn Flakes..... 25c	10 lb. sack Table Salt..... 8c
	1 can California Peaches..... 15c	3 pkg. Shredded Wheat..... 35c
	1 can California Cherries..... 15c	

SPECIAL REDUCTIONS IN DRY GOODS

1.50 corsets, all late styles, all sizes, each..... \$1.20	Percale, 36 in. wide, fast color, new design, yard..... 8c	Ladies' 50c ribbed under- shirts..... 39c
1.25 corsets, latest styles, all sizes..... 85c	Gingham, Red Seal, yd..... 12c	Ladies' 60c ribbed drawers..... 39c
50c corsets, late styles, all sizes..... 38c	Flannelette, beat quality, heavy, yard..... 8c	Men's 50c ribbed shirts..... 38c
		Men's 50c ribbed drawers..... 39c
		Children's 35c union suit..... 18c

BIG CUT IN CHILDREN'S RUBBERS AND OVERSHOES
All Gloves and Mittens displayed on our counters 25 per cent off the regular prices

A. ROTH, Lake Villa, Illinois

Successor to D. Sugar

THE MODEL CLOTHING HOUSE

118 Washington St., Waukegan.

Telephone 505

Carries the largest stock of men's and
boys' ready to wear clothing, sweater
coats, hats, caps, shoes, and in fact
everything you need for men or boys.
Our stock of work clothing such as
overalls, shirts and pants is very large.The Old Reliable
ONE PRICEPremium tickets are still given and
all the old ones are still good.

C. W. Tomquist

Phone 469

M'g'r.

LOCAL ITEMS

Local Announcements and the
Elgin Butter Market

ELGIN, ILL., Feb. 27—Butter firm at 25c. Output for the week, 450,400 lbs.

Genuine \$2.00 Douglas work shoes at Webb's.

Joseph Turner of Grayslake was in Antioch Monday.

Dr. W. W. Warriner was a Chicago passenger Monday.

See my special window of boys' 39c pants. Chase Webb.

Dr. H. F. Beebe transacted business in Chicago Tuesday.

Martin Sorenson has rented the James cottage on Orchard street.

Mrs. J. H. Goodrich is spending this week with relatives at Milwaukee.

James H. Swan of Libertyville was a business caller in Antioch Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. William Verrier moved on Monday to the Coyne farm north of town.

The best stock food at Webb's. Your money refunded if it does not do the business.

Nels Nelson moved this week onto the farm which he purchased of Jas. Guidice last fall.

For Sale—Five full blood Gernsey bulls call on or address J. Benedict, on the Gavin farm, Ingleside, Ill.

Dr. H. F. Beebe and family moved into the L. K. Willett house on Lake street the latter part of last week.

For sale—A house and lot on Main street belonging to the Ira Webb estate. Inquire of Chase Webb. 27-2t

Brook & Garrett will have an auction sale on the Cannon farm south-east of town on Friday, March 10, beginning at 1 o'clock.

John Strang will have an auction sale of horses and cattle, at his farm at Milburn on Wednesday, March 8, beginning at ten o'clock.

For sale—Three full bred Rhode Island Red cockerels, dark mahogany color, and two Silver Laced Wyandotte cockerels. Address Box 25, Antioch, Ill. 27-2t

Eli Judd, who has been spending the past few months at the home of his daughter, at Tunnel City, Wis., returned to his home here the latter part of the week.

Indian Silos—Wm. Stoffel, McHenry, Ill., agent for northern and western Lake County. Special discount for early orders. A postal card will bring us to your place. 13m4

William Payne of Chicago is painting and redecorating the entire interior of Greenacres and when finished it will be one of the most artistic and modern residences in the locality.

There will be English Lutheran services at the Christian church next Sunday, held by Rev. Jedele of Wilmet. Sermon at 2:30 p. m., Sunday school after service. Everybody invited.

A petition is being circulated by the highway commissioners for the levying of a special assessment gravel tax of 30 cents on the \$100 to gravel the north and south road from Porter's Corners as far south as the Lake Villa corporation and from Lightner's Corners north to the state line.

The dance given by the M. W. A. Band last Tuesday evening was a decided success. A large crowd was in attendance and a most enjoyable time was had by all. Miss Lillie Horton received the largest number of votes as the most popular young lady and was awarded the gold watch.

I hold in my possession one fifteen jeweled Elgin watch. Said watch is fitted in a twenty-five year gold filled case, which I will offer to the highest bidder for cash on Saturday, March 4th, at two o'clock p. m., in front of Williams Bros. store. F. G. Hooper, Marshall.

The House and Senate adjourned last week until Wednesday of this week. Little business was transacted beyond the introduction of bills. The Senate passed the Henson marriage bill which provides that applicants for a marriage license who are under age must secure a license in the county in which their parents or guardians reside.

Sheriff Elmer Green, sheriff of Lake county and one of the "best fellows" who ever wore shoe leather, was today made the recipient of a handsome and valuable gold star, with a black enamel inscription, the gift being made by Lee McDonough on behalf of friends. The presentation was informal. The star is a splendid one.

The Evanston basketball team will play a return game with the Allendale boys in their new gymnasium next Saturday afternoon. The Allendale team has been in hard training for the game and some pretty good playing is expected. The boys are justly proud of the fine new ball presented to them by E. L. Bradley and hope to make a good showing this time.

New samples for spring suits at Webb's.

Elmer Stickles spent Sunday at Libertyville.

Dr. E. H. Ames was a Chicago visitor Monday.

A fine line of remnants for waists and skirts at Mrs. Watson's.

Tom Ayling of Chicago spent a couple of days this week in Antioch.

Geo. Yepp is moving onto the Chas. Harden farm recently purchased by B. F. Naber.

We furnish 100 drinking cups to those who have their auction bills printed at this office.

Thomas Burnett and wife of Libertyville were over Sunday visitors with home folks.

Miss Minnie Lux left Wednesday evening for a month's visit with friends at Grand Island, Neb.

Mrs. Dan Nelson returned last week from Kansas where she has been visiting for the past six weeks.

Mrs. Forbrick this week moved from the James cottage to the Mary Williams house on the same street.

Bert Down will have an auction sale of cattle at his farm on Saturday, March 4, beginning at 1:00 p. m. sharp.

Mrs. Chase Webb and Mrs. Eva Kaye entertained the Seven-Eleven club at the home of the former Monday evening.

Mrs. Ada Armstrong and children will leave next week for Spokane, Wash., where she will keep house for her uncle.

Situation wanted—By boy of 16 on a farm to do chores. Address George Ginter, 7630 W. Adams street, Forest Park, Ill.

On account of having decided to remove to California to reside, Chet Allen will have an auction sale on Tuesday, March 14.

A number of the school mates of Laurel Powles gave him a surprise at his home Monday evening. All present spent a most pleasant evening.

Mrs. Margaret Hoekney left Wednesday for a couple of weeks' visit at Milwaukee, and before her return expects to visit at St. Paul and Minneapolis.

The Senate at Washington today by a vote of 54 to 33 defeated the resolution designed to bring about the election of United States senators by direct vote of the people.

See Alden, Bidingger & Co. for anything in music. Pianos, phonographs and records. Two stores, 473 Market street, Kenosha, and 209 N. Genesee street, Waukegan. For piano tuning send to us.

On account of a case of diphtheria having developed in the district the Grimm school has been closed for a couple of weeks to prevent a spread of the disease. So far no new cases have been reported and it is not thought likely that any more will follow.

Collector Walter Taylor on Wednesday received notice from County Treasurer Westerfield that the tax books must be returned not later than March 16, and all who have not paid their taxes by that time will have to take them to Waukegan. Remember the dates that he will be at the various places and make it a point to meet him there.

The last meeting of the season of the Cline club was held at the home of Mr. and Mrs. John Cobb Tuesday evening. The evening was pleasantly spent in playing cinch and euchre after which an oyster supper was served. After satisfying the inner man various games were indulged in until a late hour. All returned home declaring their host and hostess royal entertainers. Those present were: Messrs. and Mesdames M. M. Burke, A. Little, P. Dibble, F. Rhymer, I. Paddock, R. Runyard, Wm. Neutheum, and R. Wilton, Mrs. Little, Mrs. Winslow, Mrs. Council, Misses Hazel Wilton, Mabel Rhymer, Helen Burke, Marguerite Paddock, Edna and Merquita Little, Mary Paddock, Marguerite and Helen McCullough, Ida Runyard and Louisa Little, Messrs. Wm. Rhymer, Harold Craft, Richard Hook, Krum and Charles Blunt, Jos. Rhymer, Sid and Henry Dibble, Will Rhymer, and Lute Soule, Henry Little, Sam Armstrong, Peter Burke, Peter Sorenson, Lewis Burke, Andrew and Ben Cobb, Paul and Orin Neutheum, Melvin and Robert Runyard, Oliver Cobb, Otis Deiph, Louis and Charles Paddock and Ray Smith.

100 pair of boys' knee pants, sizes 14 to 16 years, worth 60c and 70c, to close out at 39 cents at Webb's.

Might Have Been Different. A New Jersey justice has decided that it is not a crime to steal an umbrella on a rainy day. Of course it was not his umbrella.

Wants Longer Nights. "Have you joined the More Daylight club?" he asked. "I should say not. It's all I can do now to get home before daylight," replied the old rounder.—Detroit Free Press.

LORIMER IS
SEATED BY
THE SENATE

News from Washington Wednesday states that the United States Senate by a vote of 46 to 40, decided that United States Senator William Lorimer is entitled to his seat in the Senate. This decision of the high body in Congress, ends the biggest fight against a man on the charge that he was elected through bribery that has ever been known in the Senate.

The vote of the senate ends the matter finally and Lorimer thus wins a victory, the vote also carrying with it the inference that a majority of the Senate believes Mr. Lorimer was not elected through fraud, bribery, etc.

The case has attracted attention of the nation for many months and it had been felt quite generally lately, that from the attitude of the senators, Lorimer would win out and be seated.

Lines in Memory of Mrs. H. S. Colegrove Who Died February 22, 1911

Long is the pilgrimage she has made,
Limbs were a weary and steep were slow.

Heavy the burdens the earth life laid;
Burdens that come as the swift years go.

Burdens of love even though they were;
Burdens still that were hard to bear;
Many the sorrows they brought to her;
Many the days that were full of care.

Dim were the eyes, and the wrinkled face,
The withered hands, and the form bent low,

Told of the toils that she had to face;
Told of the pulses that were getting slow.

Friends of her youth she had seen depart;
Husband and son, each with hairs grown gray;
Pains of the body and pains of the heart,

Met her, and buffeted, on life's way.
Home was the spot that she loved the best;

Children and grand children met her there;
Now they are bearing her to rest,
Glad to remember she's free from care.

Lovingly lay her away in the grave;
Only remember the good that she did;
Where the green grass in the soft breeze will wave,

Knowing with God all her life's work is hid.

Card of Thanks
We wish to thank our many friends for the kindness shown us during the death and burial of our beloved mother, also the singers and those who brought flowers.

Ambrose Colegrove.
Misses Louisa and Edith Colgrove.

Adjudication Notice.
Public notice is hereby given that the subscriber, administrator, of the estate of Charles M. Manley, deceased, will attend the County Court of Lake County, at a term thereof to be held at the Court House in Waukegan, in said County, on the first Monday of May next, 1911, when and where all persons having claims against said estate are notified and requested to present the same to said Court for adjudication.

JAMES L. SWAYER, Administrator.
Whitney, Dwyer & Runyard, Attorneys.
Waukegan, Illinois, March 1, 1911. 26m3

A Fierce Night Alarm
is the hoarse, startling cough of a child, suddenly attacked by croup. Often it aroused Lewis Chamblin, of Manchester, O., [R. R. No. 2] for their four children were greatly subject to croup. "Sometimes in severe attacks," he wrote, "we were afraid they would die, but since we proved what a certain remedy Dr. King's New Discovery is, we have no fear. We rely on it for croup and for coughs, colds or any throat or lung trouble." So do thousands of others. So may you. Asthma, hay fever, lagrippe, whooping cough, hemorrhages fly before it. 50c and \$1. Trial bottle free. Sold by J. H. Swan.

Tax Notice.
The taxes for the Town of Antioch are now due, and I will be at Chase Webb's store in Antioch on Wednesday and Saturdays, and at W. L. Rowling's, Lake Villa, on Friday of each week.

W. T. TAYLOR, Collector.

Kills a Murderer
A merciless murderer is appendicitis with many victims, but Dr. King's New Life Pills kill it by prevention. They gently stimulate stomach, liver and bowels, preventing that clogging that invites appendicitis, curing constipation, headache, biliousness, chills.

25c at J. H. Swan's.

Wants Longer Nights.
"Have you joined the More Daylight club?" he asked.

"I should say not. It's all I can do now to get home before daylight," replied the old rounder.—Detroit Free Press.

AN INCOMPARABLE LIGHT

A Helper That Never Tires

ARE EACH AVAILABLE AT
THE TOUCH OF A BUTTON

When your Home is Equipped with Electricity

It is Luxurious in Everything but Cost

Electric Service is possible to any income under our plan of wiring houses at cost 24 MONTHS TO PAY, NO INTEREST.

North Shore Electric Company

JOINT SERVICE

BELL TELEPHONE AND
WESTERN UNION TELEGRAPH

Every Bell Telephone a Telegraph Station

Effective February 1, 1911

If you are a subscriber to the Bell Telephone System and wish to send a Telegram, a Night Letter or a Cablegram, use your Telephone.

Say "Telegram" to the operator and you will be connected with a Western Union office from which your message will be sent by telegraph and charged in your monthly account.

At night, on Sunday or Holidays, when the local telegraph office may be closed, you will be connected with an open Western Union office without additional charge.

Telegrams and Cablegrams may also be sent from our Public Pay Stations. The arrangements vary at different classes of stations, but as rapidly as possible we shall equip them with full directions.

Chicago
Telephone Company

Spring Goods

Are now coming in. Shoes in all the new, up-to-date styles and lasts. Come in and look them over.

See our Ladies' patent, cloth top, button shoe, on the swell Manhattan last at..... \$3.25

The same style shoe in Vici Kid at \$3.00

We also have the same last in Gun Metal, button or blucher at \$3.00

ANTIOCH CASH SHOE STORE

GOOD SHOES

See my line of 1910 Wall Paper Samples and get my prices before letting contract

NICK WEINDEL

Painter and Paper Hanger

All Work done in First Class Manner

ANTIOCH, ILL.

J. C. JAMES, JR.
UNDERTAKER
LICENSED EMBALMER
Licensed by the State Board of Health

BANK OF ANTIOCH,

EDWARD BROOK,
BANKER.BUY AND SELL EXCHANGE,
AND DO A GENERAL
BANKING BUSINESS.

M. A. HULETT

VETERINARY SURGEON
ANTIOCH ILLINOIS

J. C. JAMES, JR.

Justice of the Peace and Notary Public

REAL ESTATE

Both Farm and Lake Property

Fire Insurance Agent for Several
Good CompaniesAccidental and Life Insurance, Reasonable
Rates and Good Companies

J. C. JAMES, JR.

Antioch, Illinois

W. J. WHITE

Funeral Director

Lady Assistant - Licensed Embalmer
Calls Answered Day or Night
Phone 313 Antioch, Ill.

T. N. DONNELLY & Co.

Loss and Diamond Brokers

New No. 24 and 26, N. Dearborn, st.
118 Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill.DIAMONDS, WATCHES, ALL KINDS JEWELRY
at less than cost At half the price you pay the regular stores Dec 19 91 71

E. V. ORVIS

Lawyer and Notary Public. Practice all courts
Farm property for sale. Damage suits and
collections of wages a specialty. Fire and
Life Insurance.

201 Washington St.

WAUKEGAN, ILLINOIS



LOTUS CAMP No. 567 M.W.A.
meets at 7:30 the first and third
Monday evening of every month
in Woodman hall, Antioch, Illinois
Visiting Neighbors always welcome
J. C. JAMES, Jr., Clerk.

SEQUOIT LODGE, No. 577, A. F. & A. M., hold
regular communication the first and third
Wednesday evenings of every month. Visiting
Brethren always welcome.

W. F. ZIEGLER, W. M.
FRANK HUBER, Sec'y.
The Eastern Star meets Second and Fourth
Thursdays of each month.
MADELL GRIMM, W. M.
IDA OSBORN, Sec'y.

SPECTACLES SCIENTIFICALLY FITTED



C. F. INALLS & BRO.

Jewelers and Opticians.

112 Genesee St. Waukegan, Ill.

Flour Prices

49 lb. Cloth Sack, Ceresota
Flour

\$1.40

In Barrel lots, 4 Sacks

\$5.40

F. D. BATTERSHALL

General Merchandise

Grayslake, Illinois

REJECT ROADS' PLEA

COMMERCE COMMISSION UNANIMOUSLY DECIDE AGAINST INCREASE IN RATES.

ADVANCE IS NOT NECESSARY

Decision Shows Carriers to Be Prosperous—Do Not Need Larger Revenue to Maintain Their Credit or Insure Against Adversity.

Washington.—The interstate commerce commission in a decision handed down Thursday rules against the railroads in both the eastern and the western rate cases.

The railroads are prohibited from advancing first-class rates and they are ordered to reduce second-class rates.

The commission shows that at the moment when the railroads were arguing their justification for a raise they were eminently prosperous. The decisions were by unanimous vote of the commission.

The report, written by Commissioner Franklin K. Lane, is an elaborate, optimistic review of the American railway situation.

Despite what the railroad reports say of the considerable increase in wages and the increase in the cost of fuel, the last six months of the year 1910, in which the new wage schedules were in effect, the report shows for the carriers the largest operating income they have ever enjoyed.

The report opens with a consideration of the effect of railroad rate regulation has had upon the revenues of the carriers, in which it is shown that, by reason of the law and its enforcement, the railroads have been protected against each other. As a result the revenues of the carriers have increased under regulation and their dividends and their surplus have also increased as in no other period of their history. In the past ten years the railroads of the United States have borrowed over four and one-half billion dollars, or twice the amount of the national debt at the close of the Civil war.

This is evidence of the faith the public has in these properties. The rate of dividends and the total amount has increased more rapidly than the additional mileage built. The western roads have increased their surplus over 100 per cent. in ten years.

Comment is made upon the fact that the railroads are now seeking to increase rates which were voluntarily made by them under competitive conditions and which they admit could not be increased under such conditions. The carriers are seeking to gain the benefits of protective legislation and at the same time asking for a free hand and criticizing the law for the restraints which it casts upon them. It is found that the carriers do not need larger revenue for purposes of maintaining their credit or insuring them against temporary adversity.

The report closes with these words: "We shall ask the carriers to withdraw the proposed tariffs and, if such action is not taken, the commission will further suspend these rates and make an order directing the maintenance of present rates for a period of two years."

FIGHT ON FLOOR OF HOUSE

Mondell of Wyoming and Wickersham of Alaska Come to Blows Over Alaska Bill.

Washington.—Violent language hurled and blows were struck in the house Thursday when Representative Mondell of Wyoming and Delegate Wickersham of Alaska clashed over the former's bill for leasing coal lands in Alaska.

Delegate Wickersham, in opposing the Mondell bill, quoted from his statement from the interior department.

"That is a lie," said Mondell, in an undertone, turning in his seat to speak to Mr. Bart of South Dakota. "You are a liar if you say that," shouted Wickersham, who had overheard.

Both men then apologized to the house for the language used and the house killed the bill that had caused the trouble. After the adjournment friends of the two men tried to effect a reconciliation, but without success.

State Troops Awe Strikers.

Taylorville, Ill.—Fearing he could not maintain order at the plant of the P. Z. Paper Bag company in this city, where a strike and lockout has been in force for some time, Sheriff Smith of Christian county Friday called on Governor Denney for troops. The governor received assurance from other county officials that the situation was serious and at once ordered four companies of state troops from Springfield and Decatur to proceed at once to this city. Since the soldiers reached here, no disturbances have occurred.

Fatal Accident in Auto Factory.

Lansing, Mich.—Henry Schrieber and P. D. Schrieber were probably fatally hurt and Arthur Wilcox was badly burned by an explosion of gasoline at the factory of the Reco Motor company Friday.

Dynamite Suspect Held.

Chillicothe, O.—A man giving his name as Isaac Sacha was arrested here Saturday in connection with the quest for the Los Angeles Times building dynamites.

RATIFY JAP TREATY

SENATE VOTES TO CONFIRM NEW CONVENTION.

Japanese Give Written Assurance That Government Will Regulate Emigration of Coolies.

Washington.—The new Japan treaty was ratified Friday by the senate on the understanding that Japan will not impose coolies on the United States.

The objection to the convention has consistently been that it did not throw sufficient safeguards around the immigration of Japanese to the United States. Opposition was made to it by the people of California, and by their state legislature and by the people of the Pacific states generally.

President Taft personally pushed the ratification of the treaty by his assurance to the governor of California that the question of immigration was effectively covered by the Japanese declaration, which appears above and which has been declared the treaty's efficacy and sufficiency.

The treaty was taken up for the third time in the senate and after two hours' discussion was ratified.

The western senators who had continuously opposed the treaty, reluctantly voted for it. It is understood, while not surrendering any of their opinions that grave consequences might ensue from this peculiar document.

The sole basis for the belief that immigration is safeguarded is the following personal statement for his government of Baron Uchida.

"In proceeding this day to the signature of the treaty of commerce and navigation between Japan and the United States, the undersigned Japanese ambassador in Washington duly authorized by his government, has the honor to declare that the Imperial Japanese government are fully prepared to maintain with equal effectiveness the limitation and control which they have for the past three years exercised in regulation of the emigration of laborers to the United States.

(Signed) "Y. UCHIDA."

This was deemed sufficient certainly by the president and the state department and the president was active in his efforts to impress the California legislature with his view of the treaty's efficacy and sufficiency.

Although the text of the treaty has been published the injunction of secrecy has not been removed and so far as the senate is considered it continues as a confidential document.

FRENCH MINISTRY IS OUT

Cabinet Resigns Following Victory By Only 16 Votes—Causes Sensation in Political Circles.

Paris.—Premier Briand and the members of his cabinet tendered their resignations to President Fallieres, Monday.

The bare majority of sixteen, which the government received Friday night in a vote of confidence in the chamber of deputies, following the premier's arraignment on a charge of clericalism by the radical Socialists, Louis Malvy and Paul Meunier, was a sore blow to the premier and his associates, who had been sustained many times in previous crises by much larger votes. In the end, M. Briand declared that he was "sick of it all."

The decision of the ministry to withdraw caused an enormous political sensation. The conservative newspapers are sounding a note of alarm. They declare that the forces of extreme radicalism are triumphing over sane and progressive reform, regarding the clerical issue, which was raised, as a mere pretext to attain Briand's downfall.

The vote in the chamber of deputies is interpreted as the result of an intrigue among Briand's adversaries in his own party, who have been plotting his overthrow since the great crisis in the railway strike.

DIRECT VOTE BILL IS HIT

Passage of Sutherland Amendment May Defeat Whole Proposal—Final Roll Call Tuesday.

Washington.—The Sutherland amendment, which is expected, will accomplish the defeat of the resolution for the direct election of senators, was adopted in the senate by a vote of 50 to 37.

The senate also agreed that the final vote on the resolution as a whole should be taken on Tuesday.

The Sutherland amendment provides that the federal government shall retain control over the election of senators and prescribe the qualifications of voters therefor. This has frightened many southern Democrats, who fear that the federal government could thereby interfere with their disfranchisement of the negroes.

Senator Borah, who is in charge of the resolution, charges that the amendment was supported with this cunning end in view.

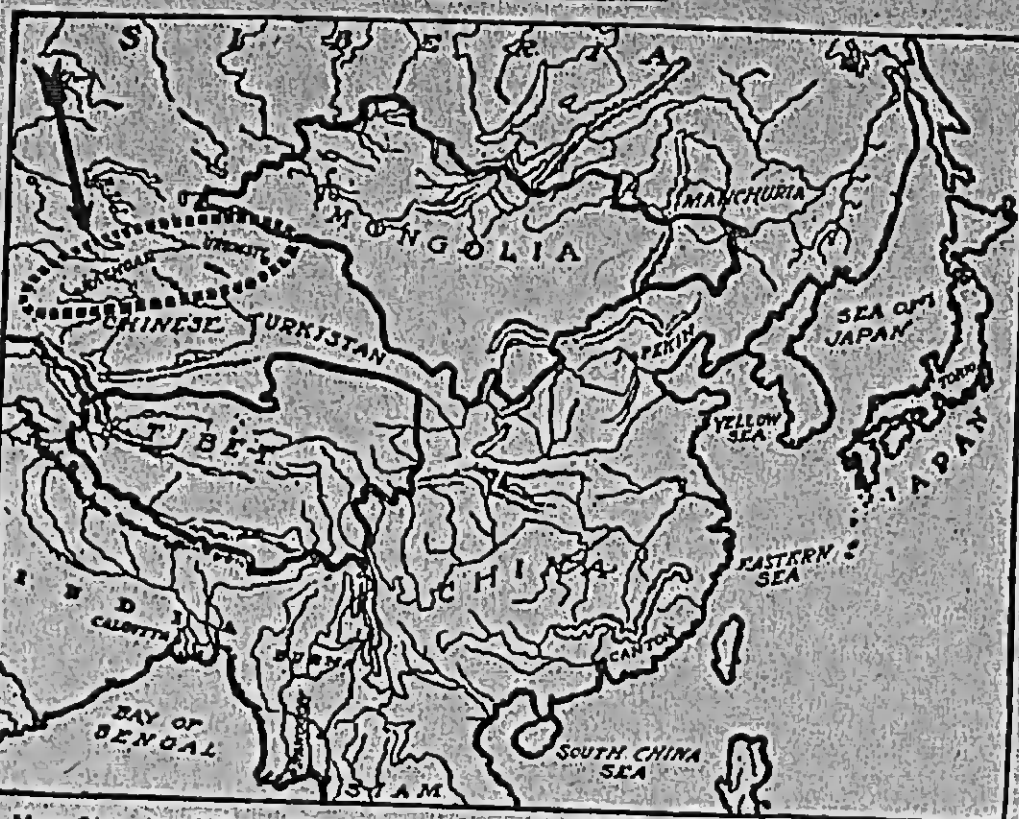
Taft at Coachman's Funeral.

Washington.—President and Mrs. Taft Saturday attended the funeral of Edward McQuade, coachman for Secretary of War Dickinson, who was killed in a runaway in which he saved the life of three-year-old Helen Dickinson.

Carnegie Cash Held Tainted.

Crooksville, O.—Andrew Carnegie's money is "tainted," say union potterers of this city, and they have protested the acceptance of \$20,000 from him to construct a Carnegie public library.

SCENE OF THREATENED WAR



Map Showing Where Russia is Making a Demonstration Against China.

TO PROTECT DITCH

HOUSE DECIDES BY OVERWHELMING VOTE TO FORTIFY PANAMA CANAL.

AID IS GIVEN BY DEMOCRATS

Twenty Republicans Refuse to Support Measure Providing for Batteries to Guard Big Waterway—Sentiment in Senate is Favorable.

Washington.—By an overwhelming vote the house of representatives Saturday night appropriated \$3,000,000 to begin work on the fortification of the Panama canal. The total cost of protecting the big waterway will be about \$12,000,000.

There is no doubt of the result in the senate, where the sentiment is said to be two to one in favor of protecting the waterway with land batteries.

The house disposed of the question after nearly five hours of debate. The real test came on an amendment proposed by Representative Tawney of Minnesota, chairman of the committee on appropriations, providing that no part of the \$3,000,000 should be used until the president of the United States had attempted to negotiate treaties with all of the leading maritime nations guaranteeing the neutrality and international protection of the canal.

The Tawney amendment then was voted down by 130 to 63. A motion by Representative Ketter of Ohio to strike out all provision for the fortification of the canal was lost by a vote of 135 to 51.

The real interest in the debate seemed to center in the Tawney amendment, and the speeches made for and against it by Mr. Tawney and Mr. Sherman, a stalwart Republican, looked to the Democratic side for sympathy and applause and received both. Mr. Sherman, one of the Democratic leaders of the house, was accorded an ovation by the Republican members. The defection of about twenty Republicans from the general policy of fortification was offset by a similar defection on the Democratic side in favor of fortification.

In passing the sundry civil bill carrying approximately \$10,000,000, and of which the canal fortification provision was the last feature to be considered, the house made a new record. Never before has this biggest of all supply bills been put through in two days without any sort of "sag rule." It is taken as another evidence that the house is doing all it can to avoid an extra session.

SENATE BRIBERY CASE FAILS

Jury Acquits Frank J. Gardner of New York of Offering \$10,000 to Influence Vote.

New York.—The state's first endeavor to make a criminal case out of an alleged attempt to purchase legislators' votes to defeat the anti-race betting bills three years ago has collapsed. After an hour's deliberation a jury in the criminal branch of the supreme court acquitted former State Senator Frank J. Gardner, who was charged with offering a \$10,000 bribe to former State Senator Otto G. Foelker, who is now a congressman.

Dickinson's Driver Killed.

Washington.—Edward McQuade, for nearly twenty-five years coachman for the secretary of war, was killed in a runaway accident here. He was driving Secretary Dickinson's two-year-old granddaughter, Helen Dickinson, and Miss Dunning, her governess, both of whom, with the footman, escaped injury. The horses were frightened by a piece of paper blown by the wind.

Port-au-Prince in Peril.

Kingsdon, Jamaica.—According to advices received here Sunday the British consul at Port-au-Prince, Haiti, has telegraphed for a warship to protect British interests. A general rising in that city is imminent.

Coulton Retains His Title.

New Orleans.—Before a crowd of 5,000 at the West Side Athletic club in McDonoughville Sunday Johnny Coulton, the Chicago stock yards wonder, successfully defended his title as world's champion bantamweight over Frankie Conley.

Crown Prince Starts Home.

Bombay.—Crown Prince Frederick William of Germany sailed for home Saturday. His visit in the far east was cut short owing to the prevalence of the plague.

PACT UP TO SENATE

COMMITTEE REPORT M'CALL BILL WITHOUT RECOMMENDATION.

No Amendments Adopted—Measure is Submitted in Exact Form as Passed by House.

Washington.—The senate finance committee ordered the McCall bill to carry out the Canadian reciprocity agreement reported to the senate without recommendation. The vote against a recommendation was 7 to 6.

The action of the finance committee in ordering the McCall bill reported without recommendation came after two votes had been taken on propositions to make recommendations on the bill and each had failed by a margin of one. There was only one course open to the committee if the pledge to President Taft not to smother the bill was to be kept. That was to return the bill to the senate without advice, and this motion was at once submitted by Acting Chairman Burrows. It carried unanimously.

No amendments to the bill were adopted, and it will come up on the floor of the senate, therefore, in the exact form in which it was passed by the house.

\$130,000 IN GEMS STOLEN

Widow of Marshall Field, Jr., is Robbed of Jewels on Board Atlantic Steamship.

New York.—As the Hamburg-American liner Amerika reached quarantine Sunday a wireless message was flashed to the Hoboken police headquarters asking that a detective meet the vessel to investigate the theft of jewelry worth \$130,000, the property of Mrs. Malvina Drummond, who was the widow of Marshall Field, Jr., of Chicago. Some time between 10:30 p. m. Saturday and five o'clock Sunday morning Mrs. Drummond's statement was entered and her valuable jewelry, that she had thrown into a drawer of her writing table, was stolen.

Most of the jewelry was purchased in New York and it is so well known that it will be a difficult task for the thief or thieves to dispose of it on this side of the Atlantic.

HULL IN FAREWELL SPEECH

Iowa Congressman Urges That Army Be Increased by Addition of 250,000 Men.

Washington.—In his farewell speech to the house after a service of twenty years in that body, Representative Hull of Iowa, chairman of the committee on military affairs, urged upon congress the necessity of supplementing the regular army of this country with an effective reserve force of 250,000 trained men. Mr. Hull said he did not believe that war was imminent, but that so long as war remained a possibility it was criminal negligence not to make proper preparation for it.

Mr. Hull said that such a force as he proposed could be maintained for \$20,000,000 a year.

NEW CURB ON JEWS IN RUSSIA

Ministers Limit Number of Those Who May Take Up Residence Outside Pale.

St. Petersburg.—The council of ministers has rendered a decision that Jews are admissible to the state secondary examination only in the percentage fixed for their admission to state high schools. Heretofore Jews had been admitted in unlimited numbers to the examinations, success in passing which gave them the right of residence outside the pale.

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Crown Prince Starts Home.

Bombay.—Crown Prince Frederick William of Germany sailed for home Saturday. His visit in the far east was cut short owing to the prevalence of the plague.

JUST LIKE EM.



First College Student—Don't you think some people ask a good many fool questions in letters?
Second College Student—Yes, Now, my father always wants to know if I'm a baak.

COULD NOT STAND SUFFERING FROM SKIN ERUPTION

"I have been using Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment for the past three months and I am glad to say that they cured me of a most annoying skin eruption. It began by my noticing red blotches appearing on my face and scalp. Although they were rather disfiguring, I did not think anything of them until they began to get scaly and dry and to itch and burn until I could not stand the suffering. Then I began to use a different soap, thinking that my old kind might be hurting me, but that didn't seem to do any good. I went to two different doctors but neither seemed to relieve me. I lost many nights' sleep in continual scratching, sometimes scratching till I drew the blood on my face and head. Then I started in to use the Cuticura Remedies and in two months I was entirely relieved of that awful pest. I am so delighted over my cure by Cuticura Remedies that I shall be glad to tell anybody about it." (Signed) G. M. Macfarland, 221 West 116th St., New York City, Oct. 5, 1910.

Cuticura Soap (25c) and Cuticura Ointment (50c) are sold throughout the world. Send to Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., sole props., 135 Columbus Ave., Boston, for free book on skin and scalp diseases and their treatment.

Not a Lucrative Job.
Friend—So your friend has left college. What is he at?
Pat—Debt.

USE ALLEN'S FOOT-EASE
the antiseptic powder to be shaken into the shoes. It makes your feet feel easy and comfortable and makes walking a delight. Sold everywhere. See it at your shoe store. For free trial package, address Allen S. Clumstead, LeRoy, N.Y.

Sympathy sometimes means sitting in a car and passing out soft words to lame folk.

Garfield Tea purifies the blood, cleanses the system, clears the complexion, eradicates disease and promotes Good Health.

The measure of what we love and admire is the measure of our own worth.—Dobson.

FILES CURED IN 6 TO 14 DAYS
Garfield's will relieve money (10-12-20) OINTMENT to cure any case of itching, blind, bleeding or protruding piles in 6 to 14 days. 60c.

A woman always fears she won't be in time for the bargain sale.

Better health is sure to follow the use of the natural herb laxative, Garfield Tea. All druggists.

The ocean is crossed in love—by a number of bridal parties.

The satisfying quality in Lewis' Single Binders found in no other 5c cigar.

A girl is always sure her latest love is the real thing.

Strong Healthy Women

If a woman is strong and healthy in a womanly way, motherhood means to her but little suffering. The trouble lies in the fact that the many women suffer from weakness and disease of the distinctly feminine organs and are unfitted for motherhood. This can be remedied.

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription

Cures the weaknesses and disorders of women. It acts directly on the delicate and important organs concerned in motherhood, making them healthy, strong, vigorous, virile and elastic.

"Favorite Prescription" banishes the predispositions of the period of expectancy and makes baby's advent easy and almost painless. It quickens and vitalizes the feminine organs, and insures a healthy and robust baby. Thousands of women have testified to its marvelous merits.

It makes Weak Women Strong. It makes Sick Women Well.

Honest druggists do not offer substitutes, and urge them upon you as "just as good." Accept no secret nostrum in place of this non-secret remedy. It contains not a drop of alcohol and not a grain of habit-forming or injurious drugs. It is a pure glyceric extract of healing, native American roots.

THE NEW YORK VACUUM CLEANER

"The Cleaner that Cleans"
No Dust or Dirt Escapes its Powerful Double Suction. Most Efficient and Durable. Least Expensive.

These cleaners lighten housework, improve the sanitary condition and cleanliness of the home. Necessary to good housekeeping.

Active agents are making \$30 to \$50 per week and building up a permanent business selling these machines presented.

Hand \$15 Electric \$75
We want an intelligent Agent for this territory

NEW YORK VACUUM CLEANER CO.
Marbridge Building, Broadway and 34th Street. NEW YORK CITY

ALFALFA CLOVER.

Salzer's strain of hardy, luxuriant Alfalfa Clover grows everywhere and brings from two to five rouping crops annually. It's the vigorous, healthy kind planted by Ex-Gov. Board of Wisconsin and thousands of other successful farmers throughout the U. S. We are the largest growers of clover, grasses, seed oats, wheat, rye, etc. barley, potatoes, etc., in America.

For 10c in stamps we mail you:
1 Pkt. Luxuriant Hardy Alfalfa Clover.
1 Pkt. Billion 3 Grass—the 10 Ton wonder.
1 Pkt. Silver King Barley—173 Bu. per A.
1 Pkt. Bonanza Oats—Sworn yield 250 Bu. per A. winning 4 Farms in 1910.

And 5 or more other packages farm seed novelties or rarities, together with our big catalog, bristling with seed truths all for but 10c in stamps, or send 25c and we add a big package Immature French bean coffee. John A. Salzer Seed Co., 122 South 8th St., La Crosse, Wis.

Inconsistency often means these deeds in another which I only half understand.

Druggists everywhere sell Garfield Tea, the herb laxative. It acts as a gentle aid to Nature.

What women feel is more convincing to them than what men know.

Lewis' Single Binder gives the smoker a rich, mellow-tasting 5c cigar.

Intervention in love is equivalent to a declaration of war.

Nothing Too Good

for you. That's why we want you to take CASCARETS for liver and bowels. It's not advertising talk—but merit—the great, wonderful, lasting merit of CASCARETS that we want you to know by trial. Then you'll have faith—and join the millions who keep well by CASCARETS alone.

CASCARETS are a box for a week's treatment, all druggists. Biggest seller in the world. Millions boxes a month.



Kow-Kure

is not a "food"—it is a medicine, and the only medicine in the world for cows only. Made for the cow and, as its name indicates, a cow cure. Barrenness, retained afterbirth, abortion, scour, milk fever, and all ailments affecting cows, quickly cured. No one who keeps cows, whether many or few, can afford to be without Kow-Kure. It is made especially to keep cows healthy. Our book, "What to Do When Your Cows Are Sick," sent free. Ask your local dealer for "Kow-Kure," or send to the manufacturer, Dairy Association Co., Lyndsville, Vt.

Common Sense Exterminator

A 25c Can Will Kill 500 Rats
They leave every foot for it. One nibble will kill a rat. No odor! It dries up the carcass. For 19 years our offer has stood. Money back if not satisfied. Common Sense Cock Roach Exterminator also does perfect work.

Sold by All Dealers.
If not at yours write us a postcard and we will see that you are supplied.

COMMON SENSE DEPT., CO. 89 Niagara Street, Buffalo, N.Y.

FAULTY METABOLISM
AS A COMMON CAUSE OF DISEASE, is the subject discussed in Bulletin No. 1 of the Chester Pathological Laboratory. The Bulletin is sent free on request and will prove interesting to everyone in Pain and Poor Health.

Address: John F. Shaffer, M.D., 457 Penn Ave., Pittsburg, Pa.

NOTES.—We can give you some pointers of vital interest regarding your home and grocery. The cost will surprise you. Send for free booklet today. Bookman's Bureau Co., 1825 Pacific St., Brooklyn, N.Y.

INDIAN RELICS WANTED or copper and stone. Write and tell me what you have. M. F. MARSHALL, The Silver, Wis.

THIEVES ROB TRAIN

EXPRESS CARS ON ERIE ROAD
LOOTED BETWEEN NEW YORK
AND CHICAGO.

POLICE BAFLED BY MYSTERY

Detectives Fail to Find How Robbers
Entered Sealed Coaches—Officials
Reticent as to Amount of
Booty Secured.

Chicago.—Mysterious robbery of through fast express train No. 13 on the Erie railroad while it was running at top speed between New York and Chicago last Saturday is being investigated by secret service men of the Wells-Fargo Express company, which operates the express service on that railroad.

The loot, which may reach into the thousands of dollars, was reported to the Chicago offices of the company, but so carefully was the news guarded that no report of the robbery was made to the police here, the express company preferring to use its own men until all clues were exhausted.

The train which was robbed is made up of nothing but express cars and carries no passengers. Cars on the train are sealed in New York and the seals are not broken until they reach Chicago. In spite of these precautions when the train reached this city it was found that one of the cars had been broken into and a number of packages stolen. The contents of these packages are not known, although the local officials of the express company declared that no money was stolen.

In spite of the denials that money was stolen the first report of the robbery in Chicago was made to the money order department of the general offices here by telephone from the railroad station. Detectives in the employ of the company at once were called in to consultation and made hurried examination of the car which had been entered.

"We have no idea how the robber or robbers worked," said H. B. Calkins, general agent of the company in Chicago, Monday. "The first we knew of the robbery was when the train reached here. I cannot say how much was taken, but I do not think the packages stolen were of any particular value. You see, that train doesn't carry much of great value. It is a solid through train, made up of express cars only."

NINE DIE IN INDIAN BATTLE

Redskins Open Fire on Nevada Police
and Kill One—Eight Braves
Are Slain.

Reno, Nev.—In a battle 60 miles west of Tuscarora Sunday eight Indians and one policeman were killed and the other members of the Indian band were captured. The battle took place at Kelly creek, Humboldt county, 25 miles from Golconda, in a northerly direction.

The Indian band, 12 in number, began the fight when the state police force came upon them.

For three hours the battle raged. It ended only when Ed Hoyle of the state police force and eight of the Indians had been killed. Then the remaining four Indians surrendered.

The police had been trailing the Indians for a week, believing they were the murderers of four stockmen, whose bodies were found ten days ago in a desolate canyon on the eastern slopes of the Sierra Nevada mountains. The victims' horses had been taken and ponies which had been ridden by the murderers were found shot near by, the outlaws apparently concluding their own stock too weak to keep up with them in their flight.

AUSTRALIA TO BAR TRUSTS

Government Announces Determination
to Prevent Foreigners Getting a
Foothold on Industries.

Melbourne, Australia.—Australia served notice on the business world that it would not harbor foreign trusts. The following memorandum was given to the press Monday by Sir R. W. Best, minister of trade and customs:

"For several months it has been an open secret that representatives of the American meat trust have been visiting Australia, ostensibly with the object of extending its operations here. The government is determined to take immediate and drastic action to discourage and, if necessary, to prohibit its operations in Australia. It is not proposed to wait until the combine secures vested interests in this country. The action of the government will extend to trust operations in Australia, whether conducted directly or indirectly, and will not permit the repetition in Australia of the scandals and mercenary methods characterizing monopolies in other parts of the world.

Name New Treasury Aid.
Washington.—Robert O. Bailey, who has been private secretary to Secretary of the Treasury MacVane since the latter has been a member of the cabinet was Monday appointed by President Taft to be assistant secretary of the treasury.

Ex-Gov. John Leo Carroll Dead.
Washington.—John Leo Carroll, governor of the state of Maryland from 1876 to 1880, died Monday at his home here after a long illness. He was born in 1820.

\$3.50 RECIPE CURES WEAK KIDNEYS, FREE

RELIEVES URINARY AND KIDNEY
TROUBLES, BACKACHE, STRAIN-
ING, SWELLING, ETC.

Stops Pain in the Bladder, Kidneys
and Back.

Wouldn't it be nice within a week or so to begin to say goodbye forever to the scalding, dribbling, straining, or too frequent passage of urine; the forehead and the back-of-the-head aches; the stitches and pains in the back; the growing muscle weakness; spots before the eyes; yellow skin; sluggish bowels; swollen eyelids or ankles; leg cramps; unnatural short breath; sleeplessness and the dependency?

I have a recipe for these troubles that you can depend on, and if you want to make a QUICK RECOVERY, you ought to write and get a copy of it. Many a doctor would charge you \$3.50 for writing this prescription, but I have it free. Just drop me a line like this: Dr. A. B. Robinson, K-250 Luck Building, Detroit, Mich., and I will send it by return mail in a plain envelope. As you will see when you get it, this recipe contains only pure, harmless remedies, but it has great healing and pain-conquering power. It will quickly show its power once you use it, so I think you had better see what it is without delay. I will send you a copy free—you can use it and cure yourself at home.

The Final Settlement.
"A verdict for \$10,000 isn't so bad," said the juror partner. "How much shall we give our client?"
"Oh, give him \$50," answered the senior partner. "But hold!"
"Well?"
"Don't be hasty. Promise to give him \$50."

Important to Mothers

Examine carefully every bottle of
ASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for
infants and children, and see that it
bears the

Signature of *Dr. H. H. H. H.*
In Use For Over 30 Years.

The Kind You Have Always Bought.

Critics.

"Only competent critics can give competent criticisms," said Admiral Mahan, at the Immortals' recent reception in New York. "The ignominy of the critic the ignominy of the critic—even of the very finest things—that he will pronounce."

"A man in a bar was praising a famous American journalist, a justly famous journalist, a journalist who goes out in a really fine paper."

"Yes," the bartender agreed, "his paper is a good one. It picked two winners last week."

Uncle Joe's Check.

Col. Henry Casson, sergeant-at-arms of the house of representatives, has the original check given by Speaker Joseph G. Cannon a few years ago to a book agent, and about which an interesting story has been told.

An agent visited the speaker and interested him in an elaborate edition of something which Uncle Joe didn't want, but bought. When the books arrived Uncle Joe examined them and decided at once that something had been put over on him. When the agent came for his money the speaker determined to make him endorse a terse sentiment on books, so he wrote out a check for \$73, the amount due, and on the back of it he inscribed:

"Pay to the order of Mr. Blank, in full payment for an edition which was not worth a d—, and dear at that price, but for the ease and grace with which he put it over your Uncle Joe it was well worth the money."—HUMAN LIFE.

CHILDREN AFFECTED By Mother's Food and Drink.

Many babies have been launched into life with constitutions weakened by disease taken in with their mothers' milk. Mothers cannot be too careful as to the food they use while nursing their babies.

The experience of a Kansas City mother is a case in point:

"I was a great coffee drinker from a child, and thought I could not do without it. But I found at last it was doing me harm. For years I had been troubled with dizziness, spots before my eyes and pain in my heart, to which was added, two years later, a chronic sour stomach."

"The baby was born 7 months ago, and almost from the beginning, it too, suffered from sour stomach. She was taking it from me!"

"In my distress I consulted a friend of more experience and she told me to quit coffee, that coffee did not make good milk. I have since ascertained that it really dries up the milk."

"So I quit coffee and tried tea and at last cocoa. But they did not agree with me. Then I turned to Postum with the happiest results. It proved to be the very thing I needed. It not only agreed perfectly with baby and myself, but it increased the flow of my milk."

"My husband then quit coffee and used Postum and quickly got well of the dyspepsia with which he had been troubled. I no longer suffer from the dizziness, blind spots, pain in my heart or sour stomach."

"Now we all drink Postum from my husband to my seven-month-old baby. It has proved to be the best hot drink we have ever used. I would not give up Postum for then coffee we ever drank." Name, by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich. Get the little book, "The Wellville," in pkgs.

"There's a Reason." A new idea. They ever read the above of human one appears from time to time, as genuine, true, as interest.

Advantages.
I just have found the article "Yry unpleasant." circled the article explorer; it has its advantages. The child is disagreeable, but the people don't always worrying you about roofs."

If it's Your Eye Use Pettit's Eye Salve for inflammation, itchy, itching, lids, eye aches, defects of vision and sensitivity to strong lights. All druggists or Howard Bros., Buffalo, N. Y.

His Light.
Ella—He says that I am the light of his life.
Stella—That's gas.

WESTERN CANADA COUNTING ITS GOLD

THE GRAIN CROP OF 1910 WAS A
GOOD PAYING ONE.

Crop conditions throughout the west of Canada were not ideal, but notwithstanding there were excellent crops. Reports come from different parts to the agents of the Canadian government, whose literature tells a good part of the story, that the crops in most places were splendid.

At Castor, Alta., F. Galloway's oat crop threshed 85 bushels to the acre, machinist measure, and 44 bushels by weight. Alex Robertson of Dells, Alta., had 20 bushels to the acre on 875 acres. W. & H. Clark, 17 bushels to the acre on 77 acres. Sheldon Ramsey, 20 bushels on 160 acres. J. Lano threshed 3,600 bushels off 200 acres; J. Hamilton, 5,200 bushels off 204 acres. Mrs. Headley had an average of 25 bushels per acre on 160 acres. Chambers Bros. got 13,270 bushels off 650 acres.

Fortile Valley district, G. Rollo, had an average of 25 bushels to the acre on a total crop of 10,000 bushels. E. Brown of Pincher Creek had a yield of 33 bushels on his winter wheat. W. Walker, Miss Walker and John Roberts all had an average yield of 25 bushels; Mr. Fitzpatrick, 23, and Mr. Freebairn, 20. Charles Nelson of Bon Accord, Alberta, had threshed his crop of 5,000 bushels of grain, wheat, oats and barley, from 210 acres of old ground.

Wm. Logan of Bon Accord is reported to have threshed 400 bushels of wheat from 9 acres of new breaking. His oats it is said yielding over 100 bushels to the acre. Robert Martin of Belbeck, Sask., from 100 acres got 3,740 bushels of wheat. Geo. A. Campbell of Caron, Sask., from 180 acres summer fallow got 40 bushels per acre, and from 60 acres stubble got 24 bushels per acre. One of the farmers of Colonsay threshed out 88 bushels of wheat per acre from 160 acres summer fallow, and another 33 bushels per acre. James Glen of Drinkwater, Sask., had 88½ bushels per acre; 40 acres summer fallow, 81 bushels per acre; 40 acres stubble, 27 bushels per acre; total, 6,680 bushels off 200 acres. Abo Winters of Fleming has 39 bushels of wheat per acre. At Govan, Benjamin Armstrong had 33 bushels to the acre. John Glenlin, 34 bushels. Charles Lattin, 35 bushels. J. K. Taylor, 36 bushels. W. Small, 2,000 bushels on 90 acres. J. F. Moore, 5,500 bushels on 215 acres. J. MacLean, 1,500 bushels on 63 acres. W. Hopwood, 1,760 bushels on 60 acres. W. Gray, 950 bushels on 30 acres. John Moyers, Jr., of Grand Coulee, reports 34½ bushels to the acre. P. P. Epp of Langham, Sask., has 35 1-3 bushels per acre. J. J. Thieson, 31 bushels per acre. Chris Dear, 25 bushels per acre from 90 acres. Wm. Thieson, 18½ bushels from 100 acres. P. P. Schultz, 18 bushels per acre from 100 acres. Robt. H. Wiggins of Manor, Sask., had 39 bushels wheat and 75 bushels of oats per acre. Fred Cobb, 30 bushels of wheat and 75 bushels of oats per acre. Jack Robinson, 39 bushels of wheat per acre. Wm. Kladel of Millestone, Sask., had 38 bushels of wheat per acre. R. J. Moore, 40 bushels of wheat per acre. Martin Roddy, 38 bushels of wheat per acre. J. D. Sifton of Moose Jaw had 37 bushels wheat per acre; oats, 60 bushels per acre; flax, 11 bushels to the acre. John L. Smith of New Warron had 35 bushels of wheat per acre. At Regina H. W. Laird had 35 bushels to the acre; W. H. Duncan, wheat, 22 bushels to the acre, flax, 16 bushels; G. M. Bell, wheat, 35 bushels to the acre, oats, 70 bushels; O. E. Rothwell, 25 bushels to the acre; J. McKinnis, wheat, 35 bushels summer fallow; 20 bushels stubble; oats, 30 bushels; J. S. Mooney, 31 bushels of wheat; 60 bushels oats on stubble. At Tessico, Wm. Nesbitt had 44 bushels wheat to the acre. Sep. Latraco, 34 bushels. Thos. Miller, 31 bushels. These were all on summer fallow. Major Bros. stubble went 14. At Tuxford, Sask. C. B. Dunning had 87 bushels. James Bain, 41 bushels summer fallow. Yellow Grass, Wm. Robson, off a half section, had 46 bushels wheat to the acre, and 40 bushels off another. Averaged 37 bushels to the acre. Steer, off a twenty-acre field, the best, half M. A. Wilkinson, off 100 His 63 bushels wheat to the acre. Jas. whole crop averaged over 40 bushels. A. R. Cameron's half section D. McOver 36 bushels to the acre. Averaged 40 bushels. W. A. 71 acres; 47 bushels to the acre. 40. John his whole crop went 100 acres. Murray, 35 per acre off a half Hockley Bros., 35, per acre of section. W. H. Dunne, 39 to the Cathcart Hart, 33 per acre. The acre. S. 6 to the acre. A. B. T. Murray, the acre. Mayor Tay-McEwan, acre.

One Happy Condition.
"Wireless is a wonderful thing, isn't it? It's going to take the place of everything—telegraph, telephone, thought transference—why, they even transmit newspaper photographs that way."

"Yes, but there's one thing they'll never do with wireless."
"What's that?"
"Wire-pulling."

DISTEMPER
In all its forms among all ages of horses, as well as dogs, cured and others in a stable prevented from having the disease with SPOHN'S DISTEMPER CURE. Every bottle guaranteed. Over 600,000 bottles sold last year \$5.00 and \$10.00. Any good druggist, or send in manufacturers. Agents wanted. Spohn Medical Co., Spec. Contagious Diseases, Goshen, Ind.

Latest Quotations.
"How would you like a game picture for your dining room? A brace of canvasbacks, say?"
"No cheap stuff for me. Paint me a picture of a dozen eggs."

The Chicago Fire could have been prevented with one pint of water, but the water was not handy. Keep a bottle of Hamlin Wizard Oil handy and prevent the fiery pains of inflammation.

And many a man never realizes the value of his home until he has occasion to collect the fire insurance.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, 25c a bottle.

It is sweet to feel by what you do to others our affections are gathered.—Sterne.

ONLY ONE "BRO." Look for the "BRO." in the "BRO." over to Ceres College.

Peace with a thing, men is an.

Gerie's take a cup before retiring.

Years in glass houses should be out of politics.

IF YOU HAVE A SICKLY

YOUNGSTER TRY THIS FREE

The family with young children that is without sickness in the house now and then is rare, and so it is important that the head of the house should know what to do in the little emergencies that arise. A child with a serious ailment needs a doctor, it is true, but in the majority of instances, as any doctor knows, the child suffers from some intestinal trouble, usually constipation. There is no sense in giving it a pill or a remedy containing an opiate, nor is pushing of the bowels to be always recommended. Rather give it a small dose of a mild, gentle laxative tonic like Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin, which, by cleaning out the bowels and strengthening the

little stomach muscles, will immediately correct the trouble.

This is not alone our opinion but that of Mrs. N. H. Mend of Freeport, Kans., whose granddaughter has been taking it successfully and of Mrs. R. Whelan of Lena, Wis., who gives it to her children and takes it herself. It is sold in fifty cent and one dollar bottles at every drug store, but if you want to test it in your family before you buy it send your address to Dr. Caldwell and he will forward a supply free of charge.

For the free sample address Dr. W. B. Caldwell, 201 Caldwell building, Monticello, Ill.

Color more people brighter and faster colors than any other dye. One 10c package colors all there. They are in cold water better than any other dye. You can dye garment without fading. Write for free booklet—how to dye, bleach and mix colors. MONROE DRUG CO., Quincy, Illinois.

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NOT UNUSUAL
"I saw a planet last night who can play with his toes."
"Umph!—I've got a kid 18 months old can do that!"

A BOON TO HUMANITY

If the Curative Virtue of Resinol Was Generally Known It Would Be Used Exclusively for the Cure of All Skin Diseases.

A grateful user writes from England as follows: "Please accept my heartfelt thanks for bringing out Resinol Ointment. Having been a sufferer for the past four years from that dreadful disease, weeping Eczema, I can now heartily recommend this great remedy for it has cured me as nothing else could. My condition was most distressing; nearly everything I ate made me worse. Since I was advised to use Resinol I have gained a new life, so to say. Surely there are thousands of suffering people who ought to know of Resinol Ointment and Soap. I certainly recommend everybody to keep a jar of this salve at hand. Gratefully yours, Leo Carter, Rutland Hall." Resinol is a skillfully made ointment with almost magical healing and soothing qualities. It is universally recommended for the relief and cure of Eczema, Herpes, Thaps, Barber's Itch, Acne, Eruption from Poison Ivy, Burns, Sores and abrasions of the skin of any kind. Itching Piles and other distressing irritations are relieved instantly by applying this salve. Resinol Ointment is sold by druggists everywhere. Resinol Chemical Co., Baltimore, Md.

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Spring Medicine

Is
Needed Now, and the Best Is
Hood's Sarsaparilla

Which purifies, enriches and revitalizes the blood as no other does. 40,366 testimonials of cures, in two years. Get it in usual liquid form or tablets called Sarsatabs.

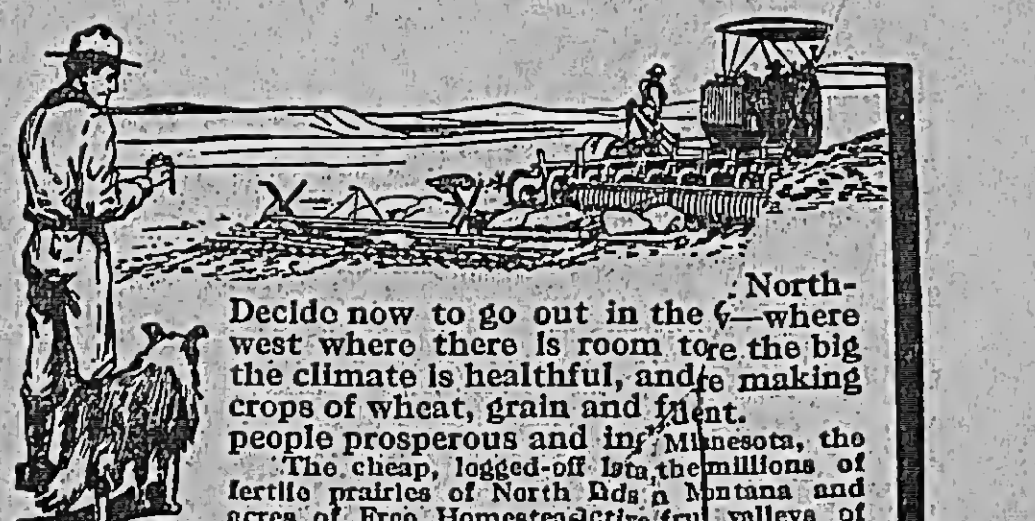
Impure Blood is common in the spring, because of the unhealthy modes of living during the winter, and it is the cause of the loss of appetite and that tired feeling as well as the sores and eruptions that occur at this time. Be sure to take Hood's this spring.

Roots, Barks and Herbs—Hood's Sarsaparilla so combines the great curative principles of roots, barks and herbs as to raise them to their highest efficiency for the cure of all spring humors, all blood diseases, and run-down conditions. There is no substitute for Hood's.

Miss Bangs and Miss Whiton's School for Girls

WITHIN EASY ACCESS of all parts of the city, and of the great libraries and museums. Opportunity given for attendance at public entertainments of educational and artistic value. THOROUGH AND CONSERVATIVE TRAINING, mental, intellectual and physical, with expert supervision in every department, thus insuring definite and certain results. FACULTY LARGE, each teacher a specialist, and pupils assured the individual attention adapted to their respective needs. PRIMARY, PREPARATORY AND ACADEMIC DEPARTMENTS; also a unique department known as the UPPER HOUSE, for graduate and special students desiring to spend the winter in New York in a congenial social atmosphere, under the most favorable conditions for culture of social graces and for intellectual advancement. The UPPER HOUSE is in a large degree free from the ordinary restrictions of a school. BEST ADVANTAGES of New York available for the study of Music, Art, Eloquence, Languages and Dancing. PHYSICAL EXERCISES. Special attention given with the object of promoting health, grace and ease of motion and repose of manner. The gymnastic exercises are in charge of a graduate of Dr. Sargent, of Cambridge, Mass. SUMMER CAMP in New Hampshire. THE SUCCESS OF THE SCHOOL has been so pronounced that it has received the highest commendation of the leading educators of the country, as well as of the highest officials of the U. S. Government; Miss Bangs and Miss Whiton are referred to by the presidents of ten colleges and universities and to President and Mrs. Taft, Ex-President and Mrs. Fairbanks, President and Mrs. Roosevelt, and the Chief Justice.

Go to the Northwest This Spring



Decide now to go out in the Northwest where there is room for the big climate is healthful, and making crops of wheat, grain and fruit. The cheap, logged-off lands, millions of fertile prairies of North Dakota and acres of fruit-bearing orchards of Washington and Oregon. Go this spring. Take advantage of the Northwest's advance.

Special Agent's Fare

Daily, 10 to April 10, 1911. To points in Montana, Idaho, Oregon and British Columbia, good for stop-over and return to point of origin. One fare to Montana, March 14-21, and April 1-8, 1911.

Daily through Tourist Sleeping Car. Chicago, St. Paul and Minneapolis to Seattle Coast. Chicago, either upholstered, equipped with all conveniences so that light sleepers their own meals. Send for free booklet on the state in which you desire to travel. Write to me for full information.

E. C. LEEDY, Gen'l Immigration Agent, St. Paul, Minn. C. W. PITTS, General Agent, 220 S. Clark St., Chicago, Ill.

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY

DISTEMPER in COLTS

Positively Cured, if you use FRAZIER'S DISTEMPER CURE. Influenza, Pink-Eye, Catarrhal Fever, Coughs and Colds, cured in 4 to 8 days. One dose acts as a preventive. One bottle a guaranteed Cure or your money refunded. \$1.00 bottle holds three 50 cent bottles. Send postal for free horse booklet. Sold by all druggists or prepaid from.

BINKLEY MEDICAL CO., Dept. A, NAPPANEE, IND.

OLD SORES CURED

Also Ulcers, Hemorrhoids, Chronic Ulcers, Bone Ulcers, Scrofulous Ulcers, Varicose Ulcers, Inguinal Ulcers, Heretofore Cured, White Swelling, Milk Leg, Fever Sores, All kinds. Positively a Cure. By mail, J. F. ALLEN, Dept. A, St. Paul, Minn.

SPENDER'S HAIR BALM

Keeps and beautifies hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Falls to the Ground. Gray Hair to its Natural Color. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling. 25c and 50c at Druggists.

It is mixed with rose oil, and is

Thompson's Eye Water

W. N. U., CHICAGO, NO. 2-1911.

CHEW AND SMOKE

MAILPOUCH

TOBACCO

Once Try, Always Buy

PUTNAM FADELESS DYES

Color more people brighter and faster colors than any other dye. One 10c package colors all there. They are in cold water better than any other dye. You can dye garment without fading. Write for free booklet—how to dye, bleach and mix colors. MONROE DRUG CO., Quincy, Illinois.

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